

# KCSE PREDICTIONS 2020

## HISTORY PAPER 1

### SECTION A: (25 MARKS)

#### ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

1. Name **one** area in Kenya where the remains of Australopithecus were found. (1 mark)
  2. State **one** way in which the Abagusi and Kipsigis interacted during the pre colonial. (1 mark)
  3. Give **one** religious function of the Oloibon among the Maasai in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century. (2 marks)
  4. State **two** factors that led to the decline of Kilwa by 1490 AD. (2 marks)
  5. Give **one** evidence that shows that Chinese Traders reached the Kenyan Coast before 1500 AD. (1 mark)
  6. State **two** reasons which led to the decline of the long distance trade. (2 marks)
  7. What is dual citizenship? (1 mark)
  8. Give the **main** reason why the Colonial Government introduced pool tax in Kenya. (1 mark)
  9. State **two** terms of the Heligoland treaty of 1890. (2 marks)
  10. State the **main** role of the Executive arm of the government in Kenya. (1 mark)
  11. Give **two** functions of the County Assembly in the County Government. (2 marks)
  12. Identify **two** sources of Nyayo philosophy. (2 marks)
  13. Name **two** education commissions that were established by the Kenyan Government after independence. (2 marks)
  14. State the **main** reason why the Second Lancaster House Conference was held in London in 1962. (1 mark)
  15. What is the **main** role of the opposition party in Kenya? (1 mark)
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16. Name the first African to be nominated to the Legislative Council. (1 mark)
17. State **one** role played by the Public Service Commission in Kenya. (1 mark)

**SECTION B: (45 MARKS)**

**ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION**

18. a) Give **three** reasons for the migration and settlement of the Somali into Kenya. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** results of the migration and settlement of the Cushites into Kenya. (12 marks)
19. a) State **three** reasons which made the British Government encourage white settlement in Kenya during the colonial period. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** terms of the Devonshire White Paper of 1923. (12 marks)
20. a) Give **three** characteristic of independent schools and churches. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** factors that led to the rise of independent churches and schools in Kenya. (12 marks)
21. a) State **five** factors that led to the introduction of multi-party democracy in Kenya in 1992. (5 marks)
- b) Explain **five** roles played by political parties in governance and nation building. (10 marks)

**SECTION C: (30 MARKS)**

**ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION**

22. a) Give **three** circumstances under which the freedom of movement can be restricted in Kenya. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** principles of democracy as practiced in Kenya. (12 marks)
23. a) Give **three** functions of the Supreme Court in Kenya. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** factors that may undermine the administration of justice in Kenya. (12 marks)
24. a) State **three** components of the National Budget. (3 marks)
- b) Explain **six** challenges faced by the national government in the implementation of a national budget. (12 marks)
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