KCSE PREDICTIONS 2019 PHYSICS PAPER 3

Q.1 PART 1 15 MARKS

Apparatus

- Two identical 100g masses
- Uniform meter rule
- Liquid L in a 250 ml beaker (almost full)
- Vernier calipers
- A string about one meter long

Method

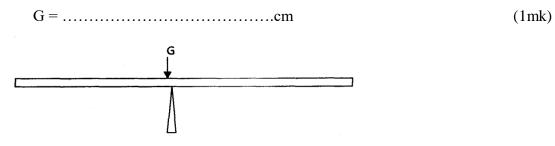
a) Take one 100g mass and measure the diameter d and the height h in using vernier calipers.

i)	d =cm	(1mk)
ii)	$h = \dots $	(1mk)
iii)	Determine the volume V, given $V = \pi (d/2)^2 h$	
iv)	V= Using the formula $\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{M}/\mathbf{V}$, determine the density of the solid \mathbf{D}_s $\mathbf{D}_s = 100/\mathbf{V}$	(1mks)

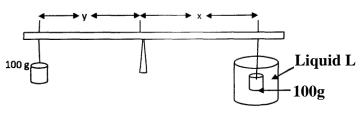
$$=$$
 (1mks)

b) Adjust the meter rule so that it balances at its centre of gravity G as the knife edge.

N/B. This position should be measured throughout the experiment



c) Starting with the distance **X** for the mass in liquid **L** as 48cm, adjust the position of the other mass to obtain a balance condition. Record the corresponding distance y in the table of results.



Repeat the above for the rest of the values of x given in the table below.

 DISTANCE (x) cm
 DISTANCE (y) cm

 48
 43

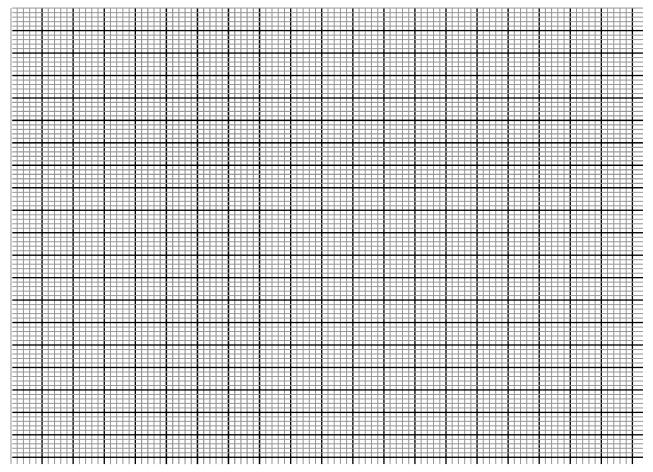
 43
 38

 33
 28

 23
 23

d) Plot a graph of Y against X.

(4mks)



e) Find the slope **S** of the graph.

(2mks)

f) Using the expression

$$S = \frac{D_S}{D_S - D_L}$$
 Where S is the slope

(3mks)

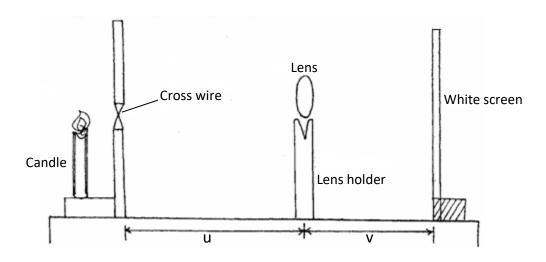
PART 2 5 MARKS

(b) You are provided with the following apparatus:

- Candle
- Lens
- Lens holder
- Metre rule
- Cross wire
- Screen
- Vernier calipers

Proceed as follows:

(i) Arrange the apparatus as shown in the figure **below**.



- (ii) Place the cross-wire before the lens so that U = 28cm. The lit candle should be placed close to the cross-wire.
- (iii) Adjust the position of the screen until a sharp image is cast on the screen.
- (iv) Measure and record the value of image distance, V, in the table.
- (v) Repeat the same procedure for the other values in the table.

U(cm)	V(cm)	$M = \frac{V}{U}$
30		
36		

(2mks)

(vi) Given that the focal length f of the lens satisfies the equation $f = \frac{V}{1+M}$ determine average value of the focal length, f. (3mks)

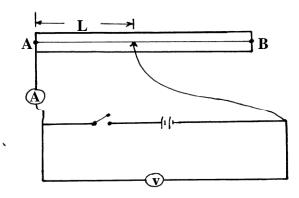
Q2. 20 MARKS

You are provided with the following apparatus

- Resistance wire fitted on a scale labeled **AB**
- Switch
- Voltmeter
- Ammeter
- Two dry cells
- Six connecting wires

Proceed as follows:-

(i) Set up the apparatus as shown below



(ii)Remove the crocodile clip from resistance wire AB and close the switch. Record the voltmeter

reading X=_____volts

(1mk)

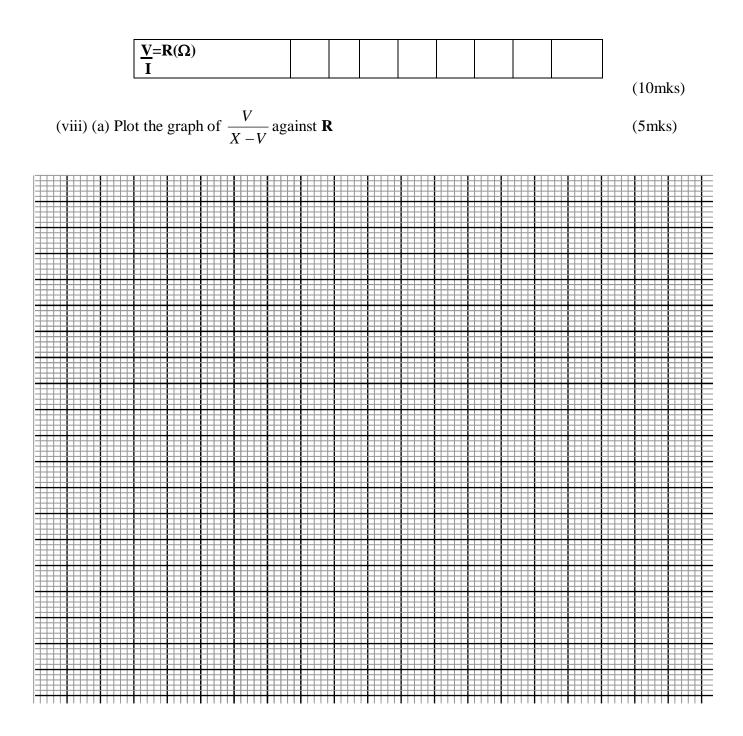
(iii) Attach the crocodile clip to the resistance wire such that L=10cm

(iv) Record the voltmeter and ammeter reading in the table below

(v) Repeat the procedure in iii and iv for L=20cm, 30cm, 40cm, 50cm,60cm,70c, and 80cm

(vi) Complete the table below

Length L(cm)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Current I (A)								
p.d V (v)								
X-V(V)								
$\frac{V}{X-V}$								



(b) Determine the slope **S** of the graph

(3mks)

(c) The graph is given by the equation

$$\frac{V}{X-V} = \frac{mR}{5} + d$$

Determine the value of ${\bf m}$ and ${\bf d}$

(2mks)