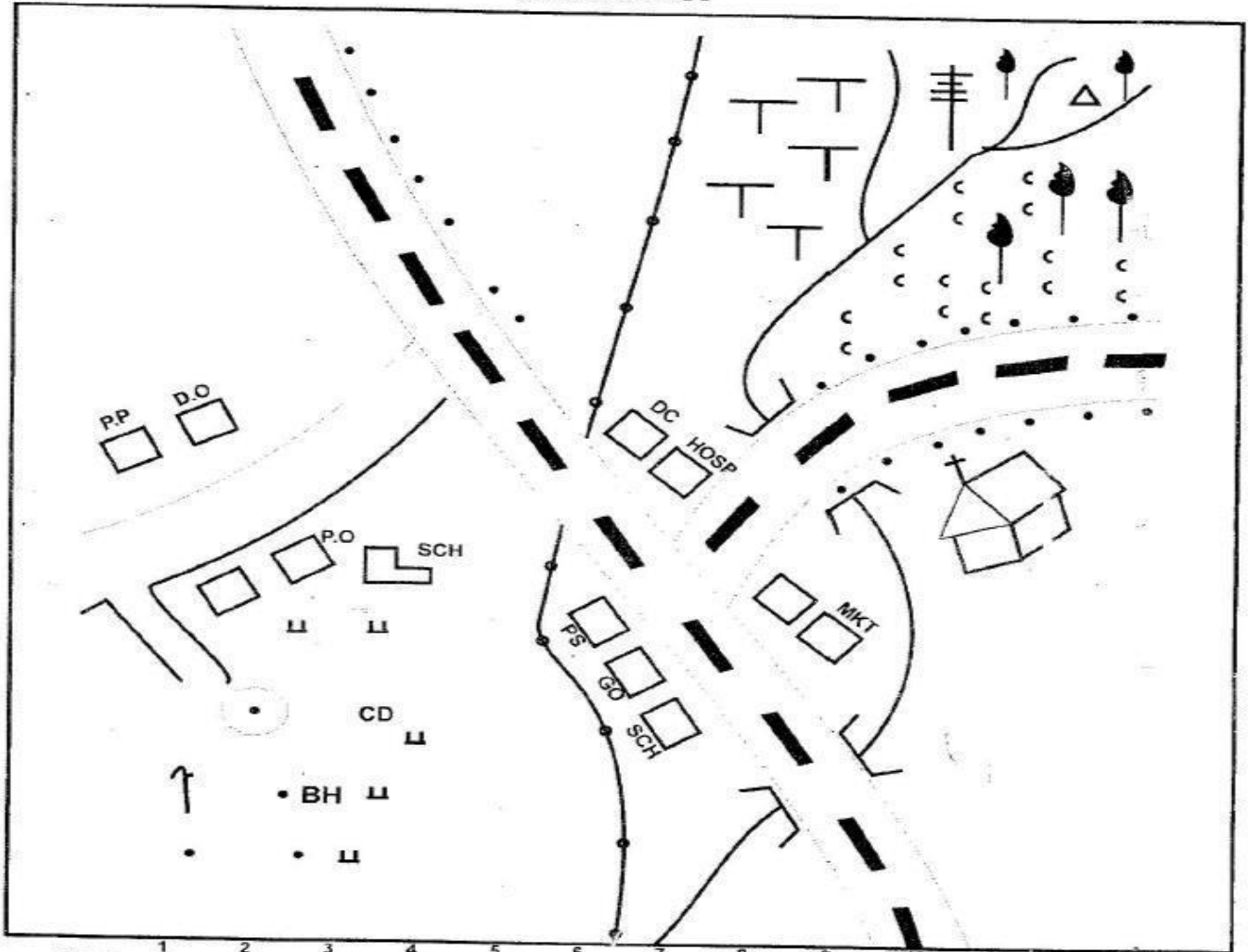


KCPE PREDICTION 2018

PREDICTION 2018
 SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS STUDIES
 PART 1 SOCIAL STUDIES
 MOSO COUNTY



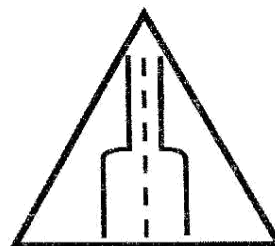
Scale: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

| | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|------|-----------------------|--|-----------|
| | Tarmac Road | G.O | Governors Office+ | | Telephone |
| | Murram Road | D.C | District Commissioner | | Tea |
| | Road and Bridge | P.S | Police Station | | Coffee |
| | Forest | SCH | School | | Church |
| | Scrub | HOSP | Hospital | | Quarry |
| | Permanent Building | MKT | Market | | BH |
| | District Boundary | P.O | Post Office | | |
| | | P.P | Police Post | | |
| | | C.D | Cattle Dip | | |

Study the map Moso County and answer questions 1 to 7

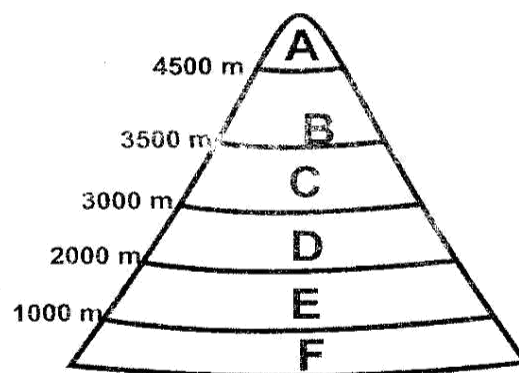
- The rise of land in Moso County is from
 - South to North East
 - North East to South
 - East to West
 - South West to North West
- What type of soil is likely to be found in the North East side of Moso County?
 - cotton soil
 - volcanic soil
 - warm soil
 - sandy soil.
- The main economic activity in Moso County is
 - mining
 - cash crop farming
 - trading
 - livestock keeping.
- The most senior administrator in charge of Moso County area is
 - District officer.
 - County Governor.
 - Chief.
 - District Commissioner.
- Which of these social amenities is **NOT** found in Moso county?
 - Education services
 - Religious services
 - Health services
 - Recreation services.
- The pattern of settlement shown on the map is
 - sparse
 - clustered
 - linear
 - nucleated
- The approximate length of the district boundary in Moso County is
 - 17 km
 - 20 km
 - 14 km
 - 8 km
- Which of the following communities is **NOT** correctly matched with its language group?
 - Iraqw – Cushites
 - Amhara – Nilotes
 - Falasha – Semites
 - Chagga – Bantu

Use the diagram below to answer question 9



- The road sign above is
 - Road end ahead.
 - Wide road ahead.
 - Road narrows ahead.
 - Bump ahead.
- Three of the following are coastal features except?
 - lagoon
 - coral reefs
 - sand bars
 - sand dunes
- The party that led Ghana to independence was?
 - United Gold Coast Convection (UGCC)
 - Convectional People's Party (CPP)
 - Chama cha Mapinduzi (CCM)
 - Afro-Shirazi Party (ASP)
- Which of the following is not an indigenous crop grown in Africa
 - millet
 - sorghum
 - beans
 - sukuma wiki

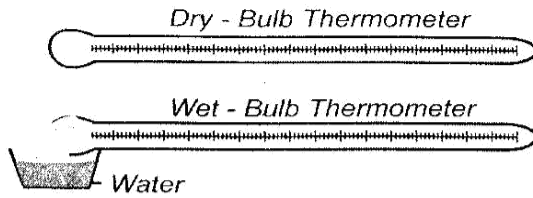
13. Use the diagram to answer questions 13 and 14



Which one of the following levels A, B, C, D, F represent savannah

- | | |
|------|------|
| A. E | B. D |
| C. A | D. B |

- The type of vegetation illustrated above is influenced mainly by
- latitude
 - relief
 - longitude
 - altitude.
- The type of migration that can lead to low Agricultural output is
- Rural – urban.
 - Rural – rural.
 - Urban – rural.
 - Urban – Urban.
- Which of the following is true about the fishing carried out in Japan?
- mainly inland fishing is done
 - traditional methods are used
 - fish is the main export
 - fish is sold through co-operative.
- Which one of the following is not true about clan elders in the Traditional African society?
- Allocate land among clan members.
 - Settle disputes in the clan.
 - Planned and solemnized marriage.
 - Naming of clan children.
- The following statements are true about Agikuyu before the coming of the Europeans. Which one is false?
- They traded with Akamba.
 - They were ruled by chiefs.
 - They intermarried with the neighbours.
 - They grew food crops.
- Which of the following is true about traditional education?
- learners are evaluated yearly
 - learners follow timetable
 - learners learnt skills through observation
 - learning took place in formal institutions.
- Which of the following was the result of the Portuguese interaction with East African Coast?
- Emergence of Swahili culture
 - Spread of Islam.
 - Establishment of coastal towns.
 - Introduction of maize plantation.
1. Who among the following early visitors visited Lake Victoria?
- John Speke.
 - Ludwig Krapf.
 - Johannes Rebman.
 - David Livingstone.
22. Which one of the following is not a national holiday?
- Jamhuri Day.
 - Madaraka Day.
 - Labour Day.
 - Mashujaa Day.
23. The following facts describe a method of preserving fish in Kenya?
- chemical preservatives are added to fish
 - fish is boiled to kill bacteria
 - fish is put in special containers
- The above method is mostly likely to be?
- Sun-drying.
 - Smoking.
 - Refrigeration.
 - Canning.
24. Which one of the following early man was the first to invent fire?
- Homo habilis.
 - Homo erectus.
 - Homo sapiens.
 - Australopithecus.
25. The following are symbols of National unity Which one is not?
- National flag.
 - Public seal.
 - Coat of arm.
 - President.
26. The statements below describe reasons for establishment of a certain river project in Africa
- mainly produce hydro-electric power for smelting bauxite
 - control floods
 - improved water transport
 - provide water for irrigation
- The river project described above is likely to be
- Volta river project.
 - Aswan high dam.
 - Kariba dam.
 - Seven folk's dam.
27. The traditional community that was ruled by the hereditary kings was
- Khoikhoi.
 - Wanyamwezi.
 - Abawanga.
 - Ameru.



28. The weather instrument shown above is mainly used to measure?
- Air pressure.
 - Atmospheric water.
 - Temperature.
 - Wind speed.
29. The time in Khartoum, Sudan on longitude 45°E is 8.00 am. What time will it be in Yaounde, Cameroon on longitude 15°E ?
- 6.40 pm
 - 4.00 pm
 - 6.40 am
 - 4.00 am
30. The following are characteristics of a climatic zone in Africa
- Receives both convectional and relief rainfall.
 - Temperature ranges between $13^{\circ}\text{C} - 26^{\circ}\text{C}$.
 - Rainfall mainly influenced by South East trade winds.
 - Most of the rain falls in summer.
- Which one of the following climatic zone is represented above?
- Mediterranean.
 - Equatorial.
 - Warm temperate.
 - Savannah.
31. Who among the following members of a school committee execute the policies of the committee?
- Chairperson.
 - Head teacher.
 - Deputy Head teacher.
 - Treasurer.
32. Who among the following groups of people are found in Southern Africa?
- Amharis, Khoikhoi, Hawa.
 - Hausa, Ibo, Yoruba.
 - Venda, Bakwena, Bechuana.
 - Makua, Chewa, Luo.
33. Which of the following does not cause rapid population growth?
- family planning
 - early marriages
 - improved healthcare
 - peace and stability

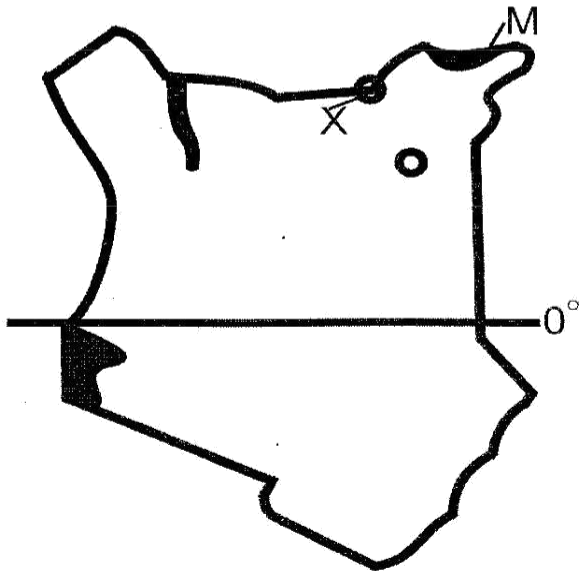
34. Below are conditions favoring the growth of a crop
- high humidity
 - high rainfall
 - low attitude
 - high temperature
- The conditions listed above can favour the growth of
- coffee
 - cloves
 - tea
 - wheat.
35. Lake Tana in Ethiopia was formed as a result of
- volcanic activity
 - human activity
 - down warping
 - faulting activity.
36. The main agricultural exports from Kenya are
- Soda ash and tourism
 - Coffee and pyrethrum
 - Tea and horticulture
 - Tourism and tea
37. Which one of the following horticultural crops are exported to European market from Kenya
- Coffee, pyrethrum, fruits.
 - Flowers, mushroom, French beans.
 - Bananas, oranges, onions.
 - Pineapples, chilies, watermelon.
38. Which among the group of leaders listed below resisted colonial rule?
- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Lewanika Samori Toure Samoei | Lewanika Kabaka Mwanga Mukite wa Namema |
| A. | B. |
| Samori Toure Samoei Mekatilili | Karuri wa Gakure Nabongo Mumias Kabaka Mutesa I |
| C. | D. |
39. Below is description of an African leader
- Supported African Liberation movement
 - Founder member of Organisation African Unity
 - A great writer and poet
 - Allowed multi-partism in his country
 - Retired voluntarily from politics
- The African leader described above is
- Leopold Senghor.
 - Julius Nyerere.
 - Nelson Mandela.
 - Gamel Abdel Nasser.

40. Below are some ways used to predict the coming of a rainy season in the traditional African societies except
- Using rain gauge.
 - Observing the sky.
 - Croaking of frogs.
 - Sprouting of leaves.
41. Which one of the following type of religious marriages allows polygamy?
- Islamic.
 - Hindu.
 - Customary.
 - Christian.
42. Which one of the following actions by the government would best promote national unity in Kenya?
- Provision of hospitals
 - Provision of recreational facilities
 - Construction of roads
 - Establishment of urban centre's
43. The main factor that influences the location of a bank company is
- availability of labour
 - availability of power
 - availability of market
 - availability of transport and communication
44. Which one of the following was the first African minister in Kenya?
- Eliud Mathu.
 - Beneah Ohanga.
 - Jomo Kenyatta.
 - James Gichuru.
45. Most of the settlement schemes are mainly found in Central highland because
- highlands receive high rainfall
 - highlands has fertile soils
 - presence of cool climates
 - highlands were former white settlement areas
46. Which one of the following courts in Kenya handles cases on presidential election petitions?
- Court of appeal.
 - Supreme Court.
 - High court.
 - International criminal court.
47. Which one of the following forest is correctly matched with where it is found?
- | Forest | Location |
|------------------------|----------|
| A. Mountain forest | Gedi |
| B. Mangrove forest | Nyeri |
| C. Tropical lowland | Londiani |
| D. Tropical rainforest | Kakamega |
48. Three of the following are ways Seyyid Said promoted trade in East Africa coast except
- forming trading companies
 - organising trade caravans
 - signing trade treaties with European powers
 - introduction of cloves.
49. Which of the following is a requirement for one to vie as presidential candidate in Kenya's elections?
- Must be over 35 years of age.
 - Be a Kenyan citizen by birth.
 - Be a member of parliament.
 - Be supported by 1000 registered voters in a county.
50. The fishing industry is not well developed along the Indian Ocean coast mainly because of:
- Inadequate fishing grounds.
 - Inadequate market for fish.
 - Poor means of transport.
 - Use of poor fishing methods.
51. The most important thing to consider when deciding how to store crop is?
- The amount to be stored.
 - The nature of the crops to be stored.
 - The duration of storage.
 - The weather being experienced.
52. The following are reasons why Europeans scrambled for colonies in Africa. Which one is an economic reason?
- To stop slave trade.
 - To show political might.
 - To settle surplus population.
 - To acquire markets for goods.
53. Which of the following statements correctly describes the British rule in Zimbabwe?
- All races were treated equally.
 - Africans become citizens of Britain.
 - Africans who were loyal were made chiefs.
 - Laws to rule colony were made in London.

54. The main reason for the formation of IGAD (Inter-governmental Authority on Development) was
- To promote peace and security.
 - To irrigate the desert.
 - To promote trade.
 - To eradicate poverty.
55. Which of these combinations of tourist attractions are mainly in Switzerland?
- Wildlife, beautiful scenarios, hot springs.
 - Winter sports, beautiful scenarios, glacial lakes.
 - Fault lakes, snow capped mountains, spars.
 - Geysers, wildlife, sandy beaches.
56. Which one of the following plateaus in Africa is correctly matched with the country found
- | Plateau | Country |
|------------------|------------|
| A. Bie | Mozambique |
| B. Teiga | Egypt |
| C. Fouta Djallon | Senegal |
| D. Jos | Nigeria |

58. The national park named M is
- Malka Mari
 - Sibilo
 - Maasai Mara
 - Amboseli
59. Which type of democracy is practised when individuals elect other persons to make decision on their behalf
- Direct democracy
 - Indirect democracy
 - Delegative democracy
 - Liberal democracy
60. Which institution controls the way the Kenya government spends its money?
- Judiciary.
 - Treasury.
 - Central bank.
 - Parliament.

Use the map of Kenya below to answer 57 to 58.



57. The border town marked x is
- Mandera.
 - Moyale.
 - El wak.
 - Marsabit.