Thorough

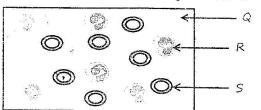
Std 7

SCIENCE

HUMAN BODY

Blood component and their functions EXERCISE 1 Week one Monday 1. State the four components of blood (a) (c) (c)	
1. State the four components of blood	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
101	
(a) (c) (b) (d)	
2. The blood component shown below is known as	-
3. The liquid part of blood is known as	
4. List down three substances transported by the plasma	50
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
5. Name the three main parts of the circulatory system	
(a) (c)	
(b)	
6. State two characteristics of red-blood cells	
(a)	
(b)	
7. The component of blood that transports oxygen in the body is	
8. The main function of the white blood cells is to	
9. In case of an accident, the component of blood that helps in the clott	
blood to prevent further loss of blood is the	_

10. The illustration below shows a sample of blood



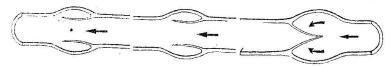
Name	the	components	mai	ked Ç	, R and	S in	the.	figure	above
Q									
R				Ž.				1	e .
0	30	1	•	Ú.			1		

Types of blood vessels and their functions

EXERCISE 2

Week one Tuesday

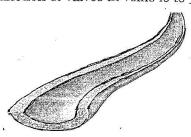
- 1. The cloud vessels that carry blood away from the heart are called ____
- 2. The smallest blood vessels are the _____



- 3. The type of blood vessel illustrated above is called _____
- 4. State two characteristics of arteries

lal :		
(u)	(1)	
. ,		
11-1		

- 5. The main vein in the circulating system is the
- 6. The main function of valves in veins is to _____



7. The main reason why the blood vessel shown above has thick elastic walls

Thor 8.	Allcarry blood towards the heart.
9.	The following are characteristics of certain blood vessels
	(i) Are found everywhere in the body
	(ii) Have very thin wall
	The blood vessels described above are called
10.	The features found in veins that prevent the blood from flowing backwards
	are known as
	•
	Structure and functions of the heart
	R ₂
:	EXERCISE 3 Week one Wednesday
Use	the diagram below to answer question 1-3
e.	P
1.	The blood vessel marked Q is called
2.	Which of the vessels P, Q, R and S takes oxygenated blood out of the heart
3.	The vessel marked S carries oxygenated blood from the
	to the
4.	The main function of the valves found in the heart is to
5.	The lower chambers of the heart are known as
6.	The chamber of the heart that receives deoxygenated blood from the
	various parts of the body is
7.	Christine was accidentally bitten by a poisonous snake on her leg. Which
	chamber of the heart was the first to receive the poisoned blood

	known as			
9.	The pulmonary artery takes deoxygenat	ted blood from the		
	to the	•		D.
10.	The aorta is referred to as the main			
	, ,		ų.	
	MODEL DA	omn 1		
<u>.</u>	MODEL PAI			
1	Week one Th	80 8-00 BURETO		
1.	Which one of the following is not a com A. White blood cells	C. Red blood cells		
	B. Capillaries	D. Plasma	1.	
2.	Which one of the following shows the co			
	A. Bright red	C. Colourless	2.	
	B. Dark red	D. Pale yellow		
3.	Which one of the following substances	is <i>not</i> transported by the		
	blood plasma?	P	3.	
	A. Oxygen	C. Urea	J.	
ă.	B. Digested food	D. Carbon dioxide		
4.	Which of the following chambers of the lungs?	heart pumps blood to the		
	A. Right auricles	C. Right ventricle	4.	
	B. Left ventricle	D. Left auricles		
	Study to diagram below and use it t			
		150		
	Lungs	\ .		
	Y (\ ×		
)		
	Heart			
	v (-	,)w		
	Stomach			
	And the state of t	1		
5.	Which pair of the vessels shown above	carries oxygenated blood?		
	A. X and W	C. X and Y	5.	
	B. V and Y	D. V and W		
б.	Which of the letters V, W, X and Y show			
	A. W	C. Y	6.	

horough		Std 7
7. The following are characterist	tic of certain blood component	
(i) Are biconcave in shape		
(ii) Do not have a nucleus	×	7.
The above component is likely	y to be	<i>'</i> .
A. Platelets	C. Red blood cells	
B. Plasma	D. White blood cells	
3. How many chambers does th	e heart have?	
A. 8	*C. 2	
В. 6	D. 4	8.
Which one of the following is	not part of the circulatory system?	
A. Blood vessels	C. Lungs	
B. Blood	D. Heart	9.
10. The main function of the red		
A. Carbon dioxide	C. Hormones	
B. Oxygen	D. Heat	10.
11. Digestion of food does not ta	ike place in the	
A. Colon	C. Ileum	
B. Mouth	D. Stomach	31.
	ood component shown below is to?	
		12
9990	A. Transport Oxygen	12.
20000	B. Fight disease causing germs	
, 0000	C. Transport digested good	
000	D. Help in blood clothing	
3. The blood vessel that receive	s blood from the lungs is	
A. Aorta		
B. Pulmonary artery	*	13.
C. Venacava	w w	
D. Pulmonary vein		
	not a characteristic of arteries? They?	,
A. Have thick elastic walls	S ₂₀₀	
B. Carry blood away from the	e heart	14.
C. Carry blood under low pre		<u> </u>
D. Carry blood under high pr		
15. The disease fighting compon		
A. Platelets	C. Plasma	15.
B. White blood cells	D. Red blood cells	
	rgans is not involved in breathing?	
	C. Diaphragm	
A. Oesophagus	D. Alveoli	16.
B. Bronchioles	D. Aiveon	

17. Which part of the human reprodu	Uctive system functions the	Std 7
way as the anthers in a plant?	deave system functions the same	
A. Vagina	C. Testis	
B. Stratum	D. Otrom.	17.
18. Std 5 pupils made the model of the	he breathing quaters	
below	ne breating system as snown	
,	—— E	
	a t	
	,	18.
	<i>a</i> ·	
	T - F,	
(**************************************	\hookrightarrow	10.
Which of the letters shows the par	It that works as dis-1	
А. Н	C. F	
B. G	С. _Г D. Е	
19. By the time a person is 20 years of	Id all the teeth have 6 11	
developed apart from the	id, an the teeth have fully	19.
A. Premolars	0.0.	19.
B. Wisdom teeth	C. Canines	
20. Which one of the following compor	D. Incisors	
malaria parasites?	ichts of blood is attacked by the	
A. White blood cells	•	
B. Plasma		20.
C. Platelets		
D. Red blood cells		
21. The part of the human breathing s	vetem that is least	
shaped rings is called	diat is kept open by the C-	
A. Bronchioles	C. Air sacs	21.
B. Alveoli	D. Trachea	
22. In which parts of the blood circulat	D. Trachea	
A. Heart and capillaries	C Automic Valves found?	
B. Veins and heart	C. Arteries and veins	22
23. Which one of the following is the fu	D. Veins and capillaries	22.
A. Digesting proteins	metion of the large intestines?	
B. Absorbing digested food	<u>[</u>	
C. Absorbing water and mineral sal	ito .	23.

Tho	ough		C+4 7
24.	A Std 7 pupil accidently inha	led a poisonous gas during an	Std 7
	experiment in the laboratory.	Through which vessel did the	
	poisoned blood enter the hea	rt first?	24.
	A. Pulmonary vein	C. Pulmonary artery	
	B. Venacava	D. Aorta	
25.	Which one of the following ch	nanges takes place in adolescent girls	
	only?	,	35
	A. Wet dreams	C. Menstruation	25.
	B. Growth of public hair	D. Chest broaden	8
	17	3	-4
	HEALT	H EDUCATION	
	LILIFALI I	H EDUCATION	
2	~ <u>D</u>	rug Abuse	
	EXERCISE 4	Week one Friday	
1.	A non-smoker who inholes ci	garette smoke in the air is called a	
	wito initiales et	garette smoke in the air is called a	
2.	State three examples of narco	tiç drugs	
	(a)		
	(b) •		
	(c)		
3.		s and hears things which do not exist.	This
		as	
4.	State four social effects of dru		
	(a)		
	(b)		
	(c)		
	(d)		
5.		o that causes lung cancer is called	
6.			
	and of pe of narcone drugs the	at is obtained from coca plant is called	
7.	Chata three		
	State three ways in which coc		
	(a)		
9	(la)		

	Alcoholic drinks which are made illegally are called
	An example of a narcotic drug that can be made artificially is
10.	The plant from which bhang is obtained is called
	EXERCISE 5 Week Two Monday
L.	State the three chemicals found in tabacco
	(a)
	(b)
	(c)
2.	btate two examples of intoxicating initialants
	(a) (b)
3.	Excessive intake of a alcoho! may lead to a liver disease called
Ŧ.	Name three legal drugs in Kenya
	(a) (c)
	(b)
5.	The harmful substance contained in illicit brews is called
ŝ.	Drugs given to treat known diseases are known as
7.	State three health effects of drug abuse
	(a) <u>·</u>
	(b)
	(c)
ჰ.	(c) The tendency of a drug addict to stay away from school without a good
	The tendency of a drug addict to stay away from school without a good reason is known as
3.	The tendency of a drug addict to stay away from school without a good reason is known as
	The tendency of a drug addict to stay away from school without a good reason is known as

Thorough

EXERCISE 6

Std 7

Myths /Misconceptions and care/support of people infected with HIV/AIDS

	EXERCISE 6	Week Two Tuesday	6
1.	A is an idea or story that pe	ople believe but which is not tr	ne
2.	State two facts about HIV/AIDS	3 2	
p	(a)	,	
	(b)	,	
3.	The type of counseling given to a person b	efore undergoing a HIV test is	
	known as	*,	
4.	State four myths /misconceptions about H	HIV/AIDS	
	(a)	10.0	
	(b)		
	(c)		
	(d)s		
5.	Name three ways of caring and supporting	000-000-000-000-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00	o .
	(a)		0
	(b)		
6.			
7.	The most dangerous state of HIV/AIDS int		
1.	State two effects of HIV infection on the na		
14	(a)		45
	(b)		
	MODEL PAPE		
2	Week Two Wedn		
1.	Which one of the following is an illegal dru A. Alcohol		
	B. Tobacco	C. Bhang D. Khat	
2.	Which one of the following is not a chemic		İ
	A. Ethanol	a*	
	B. Nicotine	2.	.
Ľ	C. Tar D. Carbon monoxide		
_	D. Carbon monoxide		

	, p	
		•
ho:	rough	Std
3.	Which one of the following is a myth and misconception about HIV	T
	and AIDS?	1
	A. Bedbug bites cannot transmit HIV virus	3.
	B. AIDs exists	L.
	C. AIDS has no cure	
	D. AIDS affects immoral people	
٠	The following are effects of drug abuse	
	(i) Addiction	-
	(ii) Loss of consciousness	4.
	(iii) Lack of concentration	
	(iv) Truancy	
	Which one of the above shows a social effect?	
	A. (iii) C. (ii)	
	B. (iv)	
	Which one of the following shows a pair of intoxicating inhalants?	10
	A. Cobblers glue and petrol	
	B. Tabacco and nail polish	5.
	C. Alcohol and bhang	<u> </u>
	D. Mandrax and cocaine	
	The stage of HIV infection where a patient may test negative is?	<u> </u>
	A. Symptomatic C. Incubation	6.
	B. Full blown D. Window	
	Which one of the following is not a problem related to teeth?	
	A. Dental caries C. Shedding teeth	7.
	B. Bleeding gums D. Bad breath	
	The first dose of DPT vaccine is given to infants at	
	A. Birth C. 10 weeks	8.
	B. 6 weeks	
	Which one of the following is not a social effect of drug abuse?	
	A. Fighting	
	B. Addiction	9.
	C. Rape	
	D. Drug induced accidents	
),	Drug taken to treat known diseases are referred to as	
	A. Analgesics C. Antibiotics	10
	B. Vaccines D. Antiseptics	10.
•	Which one of the following is not a communicable disease?	
	A. Measles C. Measles	
	B. Malaria D. Tetanus	4.4
	° ,	11.

Thor	ough		Std 7
12.	The following are effects of HIV infection	in the family except?	
	A. Stigmatization	C. Lack of parental	care
	B. Sadness in the family	D. Feeling ashamed	d 12.
13.	Which of the following pairs of diseases	are immunized at birt	h?
	A. Measles and TB		* .] *
	B. Measles and yellow fever		13.
	C. Polio and diphtheria		
	D. TB and polio	¥	
14.	Which one of the following shows a heal	th and a social effect	of
	drug abuse respectively?	11	14.
	A. Accidents and coma)	
	B. Addiction and rape		
	C. Marital conflict and addiction	, i	
,	D. Lack of concentration and fits	0.0	
15.	Which one of the following common abu	ised drug is legal in Ke	enya?
	A. Mandrax	C. Khat	15.
	B. Bhang	D. Cocaine	
16.	Which one of the following vaccines is a	dministered <i>four</i> time	sina
	child?	00 pr	
	A. Anti-polio	C. DPT	<u> </u>
	B. Anti-measles	D. BCG	16.
17.	Which one of the following is not a myth	about AIDs?	<u> </u>
	A. AIDs is real		 _
	B. AIDs only affects immoral people		17.
	C. AIDs does not affect fat people		
	D. AIDS Does not exist		#
18.	Adrian was advised by his doctor to avo	id overcrowded and di	ıstv
	places. Which one of the following disea	se would Adrian preve	ent? 18.
	A. Typhoid	C. Tuberculosis	
	B. Bilharzia	D. Malaria	
۱9.	Drugs given to protect a person from dis		
	A. Curative	C. Stimulants	19.
	B. Vaccines	D. Verbal extracts	
20.	Which one of the following is a correct:	statement about	l
	immunization schedule?		20.
	A. The first dose of BCG is given at 6 we	eks	20.
	B. Whooping cough is only immunized a		
	C. Measles is immunized at 10 weeks		
	D. Anti-polio vaccines is given four times	3	

ENVIRONMENT

Meaning and Components of the Environment EXERCISE 7

Week Two Thursday

	Traine times inmor components of the environment	
	(a)	
	(b)	
	(c)	
2.	State the two major living components of the environment	
	(a)	
	(b)	
3.	The natural home of a living organism is called	
4.	The largest component of the environment is	
5.	State two recreational uses of water	
	(a)	
	(b)	
6.	Which gas do plants give out during photosynthesis?	
7.	Name three insects that help in pollination	
	(a)	2.0
100	(b)	
	(b)	
8.	State two uses of carbon dioxide	
	(a)	
	(b)	
9.	The surrounding of a living organisms is referred to as	
10.	State the five major components of the environmental	-
	(a)	
	(b)	
	(c)	
	(d)	

MODEL PAPER 3

	Week Two Friday	1
1.	Which one of the following is not a major component of the	
	environment?	
	A. Plants C. Air	1.
	B. Soil D. Heat	
2.	Three of the following animals live in the soil except?	
	A. Ticks C. Moles	2.
	B. Earthworms D. Termites	
3.	The component of air in the atmosphere that varies from time to	
	time is	3.
IV)	A. Carbon dioxide C. Water vapor	
•	B. Oxygen D. Nitrogen	
4.	Which one of the following components of the environment occupies	
	the biggest part in the atmosphere?	4.
	A. Soil C. Water	
	B. Animals D. Air	
5.	Which one of the following atmospheric gas is useful when making	
	coloured bulbs and in advertisement?	5.
	A. Nitrogen C. Oxygen	
	B. Inert gases D. Carbon dioxide	
6.	Std 7 pupils classified components of the environment as shown	
	Components of environment	
	The state of the s	
	TAGE STATE OF THE	6.
	Major Minor	
	Water Light Soil Building Animals	
	From the above chart, which pair of components did the pupils	
	classify wrongly?	
	A. Water and buildings C. Building and light	- 5
	B. Light and animals D. Soil and animals	
7.	Which of these components are <i>directly</i> depended on by animals?	
	A. Plants and air C. Water and air	7.
	B. Water and soil D. Soil and air	1.

hor	ough		Std 7		
	Which one of the following best defines a	habitat? It is he	248		
	A. Surrounding of a living organism	1			
	B. Food eaten by an organism		8.		
	C. General behavior of an animal	·-			
	D. Natural home of a living thing				
•	Which one of the following shows a pair of	of major and minor	16		
	components of the environment respective	rely?	-0		
	A. Soil and light	*	^		
	B. Water and air		9.		
	C. Animals and plants	*			
	D. Sound and heat	3			
0.	Which one of the following is not a use o	f water for recreation?			
	A. Skiing	C. Making fountains	10.		
	B. Surfing	D. Swimming			
Ĺ.	Which one of the following is a major com	ponent of the environment?			
	A. Furniture	C. House			
	B. Air	D. Sound	11.		
2.	Which one of the following pollutes the air?				
	A. Manures	C. Fertilizers			
	B. Oil spillage	D. Aerosol spray	12.		
3.	Which one of the following is a minor con	aponent of the environment?			
	A. Air	C. Plants			
	B. Soil	D. Cars	13.		
*	Which one of the following animals aerate	es the soil?			
	A. Wasps	C. Earthworms			
	B. Butterflies	D. Bees	14.		
Š.	Which one of the following is not a way o	f conserving the			
	environment?	9			
**	A. Building gabions	C. Terracing	15 .		
	B. Deforestation	D. Afforestation			
۶.	Which one of the following plants uses Ni	trogen to make proteins?			
	A. Peas	C. Sugarcane	16.		
	B. Rice	D. Mango			
	Which one of the following pairs is made	up of only major			
	components of the environment?		17.		
	A. Water and soil	C. Light and sound	-		
	B. Plants and light	D. Animals and buildings			
.	Which one of the following items was once	e a living thing?			
	A. Glass	C. Metal seat	18.		
	B. Plastic cup	D. Wooden desk	-0.		

	rough		S+4 7
19.	. Which two components of air are used by	plants in making food?	Std 7
	A. Invert gases and oxygen	set.	
	B. Nitrogen and Carbon dioxide	e e	19.
	C. Carbon dioxide and Oxygen		
	D. Oxygen and Nitrogen		
20.	Three of the following are domestic uses of		
	A. Drinking	C. Swimming	20.
	B. Washing clothes	D. Cooking	
		,	
	PLANTS		
	Interdependence between p	lants and animal	-
		Week Three Monday	
1.	State three ways in which plants depend	in each other	
	(a)		
	(b)		
	(c)		
2.	Plants that grow on already dead and dec		
		aying plants are known as	
_		Se all all all all all all all all all al	
3.	The natural place where a plant grows is l		
4.	Name the different structures that plants	with weak stems use to clir	nb are
	their support		
	(a)	(b)	
5.	Write two examples of parasitic plants	(2)	
•			
-	(a)		
6.	The diagram below shows a plant support	ing itself on another plant.	
			27
		`K	
	Val. [25]		

The structures marked K are called

Thor	
7.	Name two examples of climbing plants (creepers)
	(a)(b)
8.	Name two examples of saprophytes
	(a) (b)
9.	Ferns are green non-flowering plants that grow under bigger plants mainly
	for
10.	All living things depend on each other for survival. This is called
	EXERCISE 9 Week Three Tuesday
1.	State three ways in which animals depend on plants
	(a)
	(b)
	(c)
2.	Animals which depend on plants for food directly are called
	Carnivores plants grow in soils that do not have enough
	Medicines that are got from plants are called
	State 4 examples of insectivores plants
	(a) (c)
	(b) (d)
).	The carrying away of seeds from their parent plants to other places is
	called seed
7.	Name three examples of medicinal plants
•	,
	(b)
	An animal that kills another one for food is known as a
•	From which plant is quinine medicine obtained?
.0.	Name two soil properties that can be improved by organic matter (Humus)
	(a)(b)

EXERCISE 10

Week Three Wednesday

Study the food chain below and use it for question 1 and 2

	rass \longrightarrow Locust \longrightarrow Toad \longrightarrow Snake \longrightarrow Hawk
1.	Which animal in the above food chain represents the primary consumers

2.	Which component of	the above food	chain	should	bе	the	most	abunda	nf2
----	--------------------	----------------	-------	--------	----	-----	------	--------	-----

		i i i	
3.	State three examples of field pests	<i></i>	9 I .
1	(a)	(c)	* * *
	(b)	19	
4.	State two examples of storage pests		
	(a)		

-			. /
5.	Another name for weevils is	3	

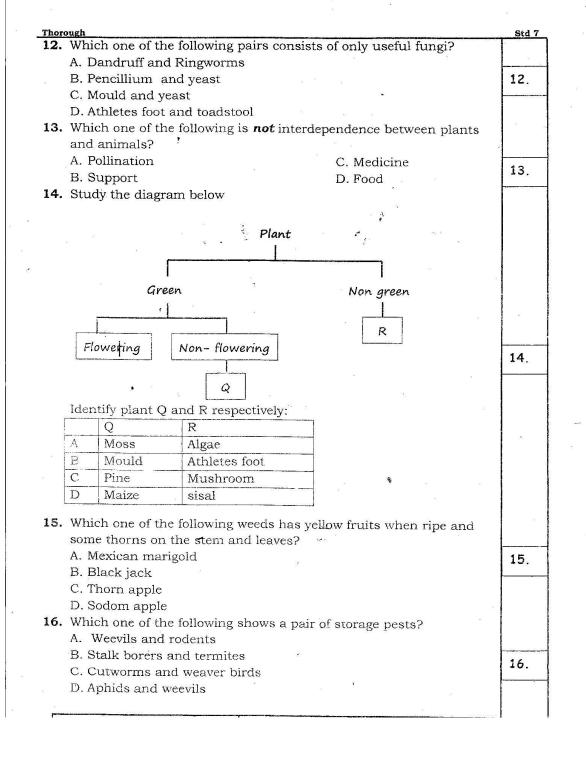
6.	State two pests that can be controll	ed by	Use of scare crows	
	(a)	(b)	or order crows	

7.	Write the best method	of controlling each of the pest shown below	-350
		Section of the Desi Shown below	***

	Pest	Method of Control
a)		
b)	509.	2
c)		

8.	State two effects of pests on crops	
	(a)	
0	(b)	
9.	cause drainage to crops by sucking the	ne sap.
10.	The crop pest that attacks the stem of crop such as maize is	
	*	
EW Marona	MODEL PAPER 4	6
	Week Three Thursday	1
1.	Which one of the following is an insectivorous plant?	
	A. Water lily C. Bladder worth	1.
_	B. Duckweed D. Hyacinth	
2.	Plants depend on each other for three of the following except?	
	A. Shade C. Support B. Pollination	2.
7.	D. Habital	٤.
	Which one of the following plants is green non-flowering? A. Fern	
	B. Mould C. Mushroom D. Sisal	3.
4.	Which one of the following pests affects crops by cutting the ster	
	seedings?	11 01
	A. Stalk borers Rats C. Cutworms	4.
	B. Aphids D. Rats	
5.	Picture of a scare crow	
		1.
		5.
		J.
	419	
	\/\frac{1}{1}	
	18 Minh	
	Which one of the following grope rest t	
5	Which one of the following crops pest can be controlled using the structure shown above?	
	A. Aphids C. Weevils	
	B. Weaver birds D. Stalk borers	Į

6. A flower that has feathery stigma and loosely attached anthers is Std 7 also likely to _ A. Stick pollen grains 6. B. Have a good smell C. Have brightly coloured petals D. Have smooth and powdery pollen 7. Which one of the following plants is a stem tuber? A. Irish potato 7. C. Sugarcane B. Sweet potato D. Carrots 8. The following are stages of seed germination:- . (i) Radicle comes out (ii) Seed swells up (iii) Seed absorbs water 8. iv) Seed coat bursts open Which one of the following shows the current order of the stages from the first to the last? A. (ii), (iv), (ii), (i) C. (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) B. (i), (ii), (ii), (iv) D. (iv), (iii), (i), (i) 9. Which one of the following plants is a saprophyte? A. Algae C. Mushroom 9. B. Maize D. Moss 10. The figure below show a flower opened to show the inner parts 10. Which one of the parts K, L, M and N represents the part through which the pollen tube develops after pollination? A. M C. N B. K D. L 11. Which one of the following is made up of fibre crops only? A. Sisal, cotton, palm tree B. Tea, coffee, cocoa 11 C. Maize, rice, wheat D. Sisal, tea, sunflower



Thor			Std 7
- 1.	Which one of the following lists shows le	gumes only?	######################################
	A. Rice, wheat, sorghum		
	B. Beans, peas, green grams	•	17.
	C. Kales, cabbage, spinach	8	
10	D. Mango, potato, tomato		
10.	Which one of the following processes is n	ot carried out by leaves?	
	A. Ausorption		1 1
	B. Transpiration	a 4 g	
	C. Breathing	*	18.
	D. Photosynthesis		
19.	Which one of the following plants stores f	food in the stem?	
	A. Carrot	C. Sugarcane	19.
	B. Onion	D. Sweet potato	
20.	Which one of the following would happen	if the anther of a flower is	80-800-10
	cut off before pollination takes place?	TI W HOWEI IS	
	A. Petals wither		
	B. Fertilization occurs		20.
	C. Ovules would become seeds		
	D. Fertilization does not occur		
	Which of the following is a parasitic plant	,	
	A. Seed	. C. Dodder	21.
	B. Passion fruit	D. Moss	ζ1.
22.	Which one of the following is not a charac	teristic of wind 11:	
	flowers? They	teristic of which pollination	
	A. Are usually scented	C Ama aura II :	22.
	B. Have hairy stigma	C. Are smell in size	
23.	Which one of the following plants obtains	D. Have powdery pollen	
I	A. cabbage	nutrient from insects?	
	3. Venus fly trap	C. Mushroom	23.
		D. Sisal	
/	Which one of the following pairs is made u A. Bombax and reeds	ip of beverage crops only?	
	3. Coconut and cocoa		
		TOTAL PROPERTY AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF T	24.
ī	C. Pyrethrum and sunflower C. Tea and coffee		
		*	
±10. 1	Which one of the following weeds has flesh	y stems that grow along	25.
	he ground?	1	
	. Wandering Jew	1	
	3. Sodom apple	,	
	. Mexican marigold	*	
L	Oxalis	-	
			1

WEAK POINTS ANALYSIS TABLE

Attention

So far this term, you have already covered four topics. It's wise to know whether you have fully understood the concept. Therefore make use of this table to know your potential in every topic. Note if you fail to get 75% in every topic, you are advised to practice more in that topic by using even other revision books

Note every point carries one mark

Topic	Performance	Teachers Remarks
Human body		
- Blood component 67	Exerch: 20points	160 h
- Types of blood vessels	Exerc 2: 10points	
- Structure and function of hear	Exerc 3: 12points	
Model paper 1	M.P 1: 25 points	
Health Education		
- Effects of drug abuse 69	Exerc 4: 17points	
	Exerc 5: 18points	¥1
- Myths and misconception	Exerc 6: 14points	*
about HIV and AIDs		
Model paper 2	M.P 2: 20points	
Environment		
Meaning and components of	Exert 7: 21 points	e
environments 41		
Model paper 3	M.P 3: 20points	
Plant	J.	1
- Interdependence between plants	Exerc 8: 16points	
- Interdependence between plants	Exerc 9: 18points	
and animals/food chain	Exerc 10: 16points	
- Crop pests and their effects on		550
crops	M.P 3: 25points	©
Model paper 4		8

Any correct Answer is a point

ENGLISH

BROKEN PASSANGES

Broken passage 1

Week one Monday

Read the passage below.	Fill each blank space; choose the best answer
from the choices given	, snoose the best answer

1.	2	3.	4		5	
	A. wondered	B. asked	C. wa	andered		cried
	A. did	B. could	C. wo	ould		does
	A. kept	B. left	C. for	gotten		dropped
	A. were	B. there	C. wh	nere		they
	A. upto	B. straight	Ĉ. rig	ght		across
	A. to	B. down	C. in			from
9.	A. out	B. to		wards		outside
8.	A. but	B. let	C. an			office quietly
7.	A. class	B. classroom	C. ro			will have
6.	A. should have	B. could have		npleasant Ould have		evil
5.	A. good	B. foolish	C. ha			heard
4.	A. herd	B. had	C. sc			schools
3.	A. schools'	B. certainly B. school's	C. so	5 5 5.		quietly
1. 2.	A. shall A. silently	B. may	C. wi			can
			s DC. OI	13		
	14 not find it.	"Where can my bag	he?" St	sne nad	13	her bag. Sh
gat	e. She went 1:	the classroom and L to the place _	raced	_ 10 the a	avent	ie to the school
Мэ	ry ron 0 .c.	41 1				
sai	d the teacher.				, 0	
uo.	. 100 DFC	ought your bag to	the 7 _	. All righ	it, go	8 get it
CIAC	gate when I	the bell for the	e assemi	bly" That;		P
"Pl	ease1 I go	out?" asked the p	upil 2	2 . "Lleft	mv	3 hag no
<i>(</i> () - •	m vite enotees gi	- CIE				

1.	2	3.	4	5
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

Broken passage 2 Week one Tuesday

Read the passages below. Fill each blank space: choose the best answer from the choices given. The inter-class public speaking contest had started. I was representing my class and it was __1_ my turn to speak. I was a little __2_ but I knew that even experienced public speakers feel their heart ___3__ faster when about to face their __4_. My courage rose as I made my way __5_ the front of the classroom. I was __6_ for a moment to make sure __7_ my opening sentence. Then, looking into the faces of my ___8__ pupils, I slowly ____9__ my speech. There was loud clapping as soon as I finished speaking. My teacher __10 my effort highly __11 it was really my father's __12_ which had helped me to win the contest. The __13__ my father __14__ me that careful preparation and courage were the __15__ important factors in public speaking. A. now B. just C. still D. really B. excited C. nervous D. curious A. shocked A. beat B. beats C. bit D. bits C. audience D. opponents A. fans B. spectators B. towards C. at D. for A. across B. calm C. frightened D. restless A. quite A. over C. with D. of B. on A. fellow B. dear C. other, D. close C. presented D. explained 9. A. discussed B. parrated 10. A. congratulated B. praised C. -cheered D. honoured D. but 11. A. and B. because C. since C. opinion D. advice 12. A. thought B. plan C. night after 13. A. last night B. very night D. night before 14. A. had assured B. has assured C. having D. assured **15.** A. very B. only C. most D. more

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
8.	9.	10.	
13.	14.	15.	
	8.	8. 9.	8. 9. 10.

A

<u>Broken passage 3</u> <u>Week one Wednesday</u>

D	_1 4		7 .	Wii b	.	*	_ 24	,
				w. rineach b	an	k space; choose	e tn	e best answer
2000	0.000	ne choices giv			41.	11 7/1		
								ıy 2 in it
			рy	ramias of Gaza	a 1.	n Egypt to the	e CI	ying stone in
nak	am	ega-Kenya.				•		29
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						derful scenery a lity 8 of		
end			J 18	пке а,	, It	has a starting	Pon	no no
cnq	mg,		350	*		Se "		
Pod	100	ders are stoot	٥d	hv. 11 nec	nla	. People 12	181	rata for landors
				- A		ose who segregate		
				-		15 the living	-	* 8 5550 B 8
		y of the countr	7.5	Jou leadership,		ine nving	Stai	idards and the
CCOI	IOII	ly of the countr	у.	¥				Y.
1.	Δ	bigger	B	largest	C	larger	D	big
2.		wonders		mysteries		features		sties
3.		for *		on	C.			from
4.		Through		Though		Because		Moreover
5.		far		off	200	of		to *
6.		bedevilled		bothered		besieged		bewildered
7.		military		civilian		cold		civil
8.		All	-	Few		Some	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	More
9.		circle	70	rectangle		square		triangle
		while		then		and		but
	10	worst	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	good		bad .		better
				ought	21 .24	would		could
		which		who		whom		whose
		shall		can		will		may
		lower		rise		increase		raise
10	4 X6	sparae 2007/6			10001	The control of the Co	Notice Si	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
1.		2		3.		4	5	

2	3.	4	5	
2.7	8.	9.	10.	
12.	13.	14.	15.	*****
	7. 12.	12 12	12 12 54	12 12 14 15

PARTS OF SPEECH

Phrasal Verbs

Exc	<u>amples</u>	đ
a)	Look into	- Examine and think about a certain issue.
b)	Let down	- To disappoint by failing to give the expected help.
c)	Come down with	- To catch on illness that is not so serious, like the common
	# # T	cold.
d)	Turn against	- Start treating somebody badly.
e)	Run into somebo	dy - To meet somebody by chance.
f)	Bring back	- make somebody remember.
		Exercise 4
	•	Week one Thursday
Fir	i <u>d out and write d</u>	own the meaning of the following phrasal verbs
1.	Head for	
2.	Fight back	
3.	Gun down	
4.	Put out	
5.	Take after	
б.	Took to	
7.	Throw up	
8.	Look down on	
9.	Give in	
10.	Put off	
	*	\$ * ·
F	Till in the gap in e	ach of the following sentences using a phrasal verb
	2	from the choices below
11.	. They wanted crim	anal gave to the police.
		nesa to give a bribe but Vennesa refused to
13.	. The company has	gone through difficulties but the managers are
		A 1

4. I was surprised because I j	ust started reading the book yesterday	and it
suddenly	-	
5. The travellers	at 5.00 a.m.	
6. Tyra was walking on a street	t in Eldoret when hean old i	friend.
7. David advised, his brother ne	ot to the officer of a job	in the
new company		
<u>hoices</u>		
ook into, set up, turn down	, came off, ran into, give in, took in,	came
part, pushing ahead, give up, l	himself up.	
	hainen to woulden the sendentined word	_
	hoices to replace the underlined words	2
	the victims.	
TO TOTAL STATE OF THE STATE OF	very difficult guest for a month	
7	reduce his sugar intakeed working near the town.	
	ry so as to avoid punishment.	
•	ported his sister although he knew she wa	
	office his sister andrough he knew site wa	as III a
wrong	-	
Choices		
,	and broke from any and the said on with	
	e up, broke down, gave out, put up with	د.
ive up to, tamper with, Get do	own to	
<u>Direct o</u>	and indirect speech	
Examples		
ı) "I am going to build a hous	se on a tree." said the strange man	-direct
o) The strange man said that he	was going to build a house on a tree -Indi	rect
e) "Did you meet anyone on th	he way?" Jacinta asked _ Direct	
d) Jacinta asked me if/whether	I had met anyone on the way – Indirect	
e en er en		

¢')

<u>Exercise 5</u> Week one Friday

Che	ange into indirect speech
1.	"My parents have gone upcountry." said Maria.
2.	Did you listen to the news last night?" Sofia asked us.
3.	"We are moving to a new house," said my father
4.	"Eating an apple every day", the doctor said to me, "will keep you away from my clinic."
5.	"My cow produces twenty litres of milk every day," the farmer boasted.
	Change into direct speech
6.	The audience shouted to the speaker to raise his voice.
7.	Benedict and Melisa said they wanted to visit the game park.
8.	Wangui said she could not go out as she was too tired.
9,	The doctor advised the new mother to keep the baby warm.
10.	She asked if I had seen Armand the previous day.
	Active and Passive form
Exa	umples
a)	The villagers constructed a big dam - Active
	A big dam was constructed by the villagers - Passive
b)	The robbers made them open the door -Active
	They were made to open the door by the robbers - Passive

	Change into Passive	70 51/251	
11.	Someone stole her purse.		N N
12.	No one can read your handwriting.		
13.	The news anchor reads the news at seven.		
14.	She bought additional laboratory equipment.		at na
15ຸ.	She makes supper in the evening.		
	Change into Active	25	
16.	The baby was being washed by mother		
17.	Tea was being picked by the workers		
18.	The company was being run by the family		
19.	Maurice had been helped by him	*	zı
20.	So many stolen goods had been recovered by the police		• .
21.	The team had been coached by him for very many years		n n
	Spelling	ā	ii 5
	Exercise 6		21 /
73:11	Week two Monday		
1.	The great of honory grill provide the brackets	200	
2.	The guest of honour willnext to the headteacher. (sit The artist has a paint left in the can. (little, few)	, seat)	
4 4 v	paint left in the can. (little, jew)		10

3.	Eliud ran very	That	is why he came _	in	
	the race (first, fast)		_		
	The	man does no	ot use ball point per	as that do not	
4 5.	have caps. (fuzzy, fussy)		,		
, t.	The musician	the song	better than he had	Iit	
	before. (sang, sung)			1	
6.	Odhiambo looked at the		and noticed the	at the car bad	0.50
Ĭ.	little fuel. (gauge, cage)	8 8		ac the car flag	
7.	My aunt went to the mark	eț to	(sale, sell,) vegetables	
	· ·		• ,	regetables	
Ch	oose the correctly spelt w	ord		e e	
9.	A. Wildebeest B. Tradgic		C. Occurence D. Personel	9.	
10.	A. Pursue 5. Souvenier		C. Sieze D. Dillemma	10.	
11.	A. Comittee B. Courteous		C. DisasterousD. Calender	11.	
12,	A. Meticulous B. Hypochrite		C. Nausious D. Repeatition	12.	*
13.	A. Exilarate B. Fluorescent	¥	C. Grammer D. Harrass	13.	
			н		
	. 4	Punctuati	<u>ion</u>		
		Exercise	7		
-	- <u>We</u>	ek two Tue	esday	· ·	
	vrite and punctuate the f		tences correctly		
1.	we use our classroom for th	ne debate			
2.	i ve already given the book	to her		18	
	•	4			
3.	the brides dress is very pre-	tty		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
4.	she bought cups plates spo				

			3	
5.	theres no one at home said mrs sangura			
	-	•		
	ं द्व			
6.	she wont come in until you invite he	r	· 8	
7.	the girls dresses should be the same	colour for the classes		
8.	you shouldnt fold the pages of your t	textbook	r x 2	
	3			
	A			
	Anton		* 1	
Ant	onyms – words that mean the opposit	e of other words		
Cho	pose the word that means the oppos	site of the underlined	word	
9.	I Concur with you on this matter.		<u> </u>	
	A. dispute	C. correspond	9.	
	B. disagree	D. agree		
10.	The luggage was <i>light</i> .	-		
	A. light weight	C. portable	10.	
	B. heavy	D. weightless	<u> </u>	
11.	Such a mater is trivial to the commit			
	A. urgent	C. minor	11.	
	B. ordinary	D. important	1	
12.	The <u>hostile</u> reception of the visitors of			
	A. unfriendly	C. unsocialable	12.	
	B. friendly	D. distant		
13.	The behaviour is of cowardice .	5 Total -		
	A. ignorance	C. foolishness		
	B. bravery	D. grief	13.	
14.	The courtroom in our town is very an			
	A. old	C. smart		
	B. modern	D. coloured	14.	
15.	The father is a <i>miser</i> , but the son a _	= . soloticq		
	A. thirtly	C. frugal		
	B. spendthrift	D. spender	15.	
	The second secon	- Sperider	——————————————————————————————————————	

1	HOPE			J10 7
	16.	It was a <i>gradual</i> process.		
		A. sudden	C. slow	16.
		B. fast	D. steady	Landerstein
Li	17.	Ignorance is bliss.	*	
		A. Knowledge	C. Poverty	
		B. Wealth	D. Wisdom	17.
	18.	She <u>rarely</u> comes here.		
		A. often	C. occasionally	
·		B. seldom	D. normally	18.
	9			10.
		Cunosum		
		Synonym	<u>.</u>	
	Syr	nonyms ;- Words with similar meaning	j'	4 N
7	Giv	e the synonyms of the underlined word	2 AND STATE OF THE	SERVICE DESCRIPTION OF STREET
	19,	It was already twilight when the guests	arrived.	40
		A. dawn	C. sunrise	19.
		B. dusk	D. noon	
	20.	Newton was a <i>well-known</i> scientist.	* 0	ii.
		A. popular	C. practical	20.
		B. special	D. celebrated	
	0.5			•
	dia de c	Due to <i>fatigue</i> , we slept soundly. A. dullness	C. laziness	21.
		B. sickness	D. weariness	61.
			ž.	Ć.
	24 24 =	The kidnapper <u>enticed</u> the boy to enter h		22.
		A. cheated	C. lured	22.
		B. convinced	D. forced	
	23.	The earthquake led to an untold catastro	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	
			C. death	23.
		B. sadness	D. disaster	<u> </u>
	24.	Mwende is a very elegant girl.	(4)	
		A. stylish	C. orderly	24.
		B. tidy	D. organized	
8	25.	The children were treated to a very intere	esting movie.	50
	•	A. engrossing	C. attractive	25.
		B. moving	D. smart	25.
ľ				
161			٠	•
		E E		

26	6. He looked forward to the <i>ausp</i> A. insignificant	
	B. important	C. promising D. uncertain
27	7. The chief's decision was said to A. upright B. insincere	be <i>fair</i> and everyone was happy C. biased D. just 27.
28	8. The most <u>dreaded</u> disease in t A. killer B. serious	=/.
	. <u>Ex</u>	nophones cercise 8
Th	Week tu	vo Wednesday
F		t have different spelling and meaning
ع. س	g Jare - fair W	eight - wait
<u>Ch</u>	coose the correct word from the	options given to complete the sentences
1.	The tailor was sewing theA. seem B. seam	of the dress C. tail D. tale
2.	The car got stuck so we had to _A. too B. tow	
3.	Ryan is carrying a A. bail B. pail	_of water C. bale
4.	We must a me	otor boat at the Island. (higher, hire)
5.	The van (stationary, stationery)	distributed textbooks to the schools
6.	The car was on	last weekend. (sail, sale)
7.	To be a teacher, you need a two y	/ear (coarse, course)
ŝ.	She bought a kilo of	from the butcher's shop (states -tt)
9.	Our headteacher gave us some pi	ieces of (advise, advice)
10.	Prince Harry is the	to the throne. (hare, heir, hair)

Making a sensible paragraph

Arrange the following sentences to make logical and sensible paragraph

- 11. (i) When he finished school, he got a good job and helped his people
 - (ii) He was liked by many people in his village.
 - (iii) Wekesa was born into a humble family
 - (iv) He went to school in his rural home
- 12. (i) The family began the journey at dawn
 - (ii) They were sure of getting to the ceremony in good time
 - (iii) They arrived late and missed the ceremony
 - (iv) However, the journey was too tedious for them to make it there early enough.
- 13. (i) Although the park was extensive, we managed to criss-cross it in three days
 - (ii) We arrived at Lake Nakuru Historical Park in the evening
 - (iii) We were happy that we had we accomplished our mission
 - (iv) We had supper and relaxed in the hotel lounge
 - (v) We intended to tour the whole park starting the next day
- 14. (i) Suddenly, an idea to feign sicknesses struck him
 - (ii) He had received several warnings from his class teacher
 - (iii) Risaso was at it again
 - (iv) He had not completed his assignment
 - (v) This time round, he knew he would be in hot soup
- 15. (i) On the way to the market she remembered she had left her purse on the table
 - (ii) When she came back, the domestic worker and the baby were nowhere to be seen.
 - (iii) Mrs. Mwai was going to the market
 - (iv) She left the one-year-old baby under the care of domestic worker

Question Tags

Exercise 9

Week two Thursday

vide suitable question tags to the following positive statements
I do need your advice,?
There is somebody in the house,?
Christine can drive a tractor,?
The visitors will arrive before noon,?
Stop making noise,?
Bring us the tiles,?
Cut it into two,?
native Statements
Neema could not believe it,?
None of the members arrived on time,?
The secretary typed tipped the letter,?
I hope Jacob won't fail to turn up,?
The man hardly talks to his neighbours,?
They seldom travel to the village,?
There were few people in the hall,?
Short Respond
tmple
He is a disciplined boy, isn't he? Yes, he is.
You did not come to school yesterday, did you? No, I didn't
vide the correct short responses to the sentences below
There is a full moon tonight,?
It wasn't a hot day,?
These snacks are fantastic,?
Let's not go back,?
Are you ready? Yes,

Conditional sentences

Exercise 10 Week two Friday

Choose the most appropriate endings

1.	If Paul doesn't come,	
	A. we shall go and call him	
	B. we would go and call him	1
	C. we should have gone and called him	
	D. we would have been calling him	
2.	If I had car,	
	A. I shall drive to wherever I want	2.
•	B. I would drive to wherever I want	6-r .
	C. I would have driven to wherever I want	
	D. I shall be driving to wherever I want	
3.	, we will fight corruption.	e.
٥.	A. If we will unite	r
4	B. If we were united	3.
	C. If we unite	
		Ŧ
	D. If we had united	
4.	If my aunt came,	
	A. I would be happy	
	B. Fam happy	Δ
	C. I would have been happy	Τ.
	D. I will be happy	
5.	Would you have gone to the party if you	
	A. were invited?	
	B. had been invited	5.
	C. would have been invited	<u> </u>
	D. had invited	
6.	If I had time, I	
0.	A. Would have visited her	
	B. Would visit her	
	C. Could visit her	
		6.
	D. Might visit her	

Choose the alternative that mean	s the same as the given sentences

7.	Had it not been for the fire brigade, the house would have burnt down. A. Because the fire brigade came, the house did not burn down. B. Although the fire brigade came the house burnt down. C. The fire brigade came and the house did not burn down. D. Since the house burnt, the fire brigade came.
8.	Had you invited them, they would have come. A. They did not come because you would not invite them. B. They refused to come because you did not invite them. C. They would have come if you had invited them. D. They would have come if you invited them.
9.	"Unless these seedlings are watered, they will soon dry" A. These seedlings will dry soon if they are not watered. B. If these seedlings are not watered, they can dry soon. C. If they are watered soon, these seedlings may not dry. D. These seedlings will not dry unless they are watered.
10.	He would have bought you a new dress if you had ask him to. A. He will not buy you a new dress unless you ask him to. B. He did not buy you a new dress because you did not asked him to. C. He bought you a new dress but you did not ask him to. D. He will buy you a new dress when you ask him to.
11.	Had it not been for the quick response of the ambulance team the patient would not have survived? A. The ambulance team responded quickly and the patient survived B. If the ambulance team had responded quickly the patient would have survived. C. Because the ambulance team responded quickly the patient survived D. If the ambulance team responded quickly the patient would not have survived
12.	If Tom tried hard, he would solve the problem A. Tom does not try hard therefore he cannot solve the problem B. Tom did not try hard and so he could not solve the problem C. Tom has never tried to solve the problem D. Tom can solve the problem but he has to try hard.

Information Analysis

Th						
Read the passages and	thon	ancome	41	COLUMN TO THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF THE P	012 0	
P WOOD CEILLE	CILETE	unswer	tne	auestions	that	fallow
				7-100010110	CICUL	Juliou

<u>A</u>

Five class 7 pupils are comparing their weights. Murage is heavier than
Fatuma, but lighter than Kadaga Karini and I heavier than
Fatuma, but lighter than Kadogo. Kanini is also heavier than Fatuma, but
not as heavy as Murage. Rops turns out to be just a little heavier than both Murage and Kadogo.
of the live pupils is the neaviest?
two pupils are lighter than Murage?
3. Who is lighter than everyone else in the group?
~ <u>B</u>
In a hospital maternity ward there are only five babies. Baby Tina cries all
the time. She has chubby cheeks like Baby Ochieng. Baby Hafsa is female
and cries a lot like Baby Nandi, who kicks his feet all the time. Baby Chacha
is one of the three male babies. Baby Ochieng wears a woolen vest and is
bald. All the babies sleap in somewhat "
bald. All the babies sleep in separate cribs and at least one of the female babies has a scar on her face.
many lemale bables are there?
of the hables do we know least about?
3. What characteristic is shared by Baby Ochieng' and Baby Tina?
C
Mweni, Khadija, Jeptoo, Njeri and Waridi went to ASK show. Mweni bought
a Tugen stool. Mweni and lepton both bould be ask show. Mweni bought
a Tugen stool. Mweni and Jeptoo both bought knitted scarves. All except
Njeri bought wooden ornaments. Jeptoo was the only one who didn't buy a
postcara. Waridi bought a Tugen stool and a sille sand
pointed was a reasonable or naments and a knitted scarf in addition to a
Peticard:
bodgit the least things?
PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGNATURE
TEACHER'S SIGNATURE

Prepositions

Exercise 11

Week Three Monday

Fill in the blanks with the correct prepositions

1.	The scenery the top of the mountain looked superb.
2.	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
	The man was leaning the wall as he waited his friend.
3.	Janet congratulated her brotherhis graduation.
4.	He was waiting patiently, sitting a corner.
5.	He must be very accustomed that habit.
6.	Many people find themselves to be victims circumstances.
7.	Moses travelled to the city in pursuit a well-paying job.
8.	The workers are not contentedwhat the company is paying them.
9.	He disagreed his statement.
10.	He reached school time for he arrived just a few minutes to
	8 O'clock.
	Subject Verb Agreement
Chr	oose the best alternative to complete the sentences given
<u> </u>	see the sentences given
11.	Majority of the boys to work hard. (need, needs)
12.	Neither the boys nor their father at home. (is, were, are)
13.	Either he or I going to the river. (is, are, am)
14.	Levi, as well as his brother, a good Mathematician. (is, are)
15.	Newton, like his father chapatti. (like, likes)
16.	A pack of cards scattered all over the shop. (were, was)
	The king with members of his family present. (was, were)
	The number of people suffering from HIV/AIDs increased greatly. (have, has)
19.	The headteacher and secretary to the school committeeabsent. (is, are)
20.	Our President and the Commander -in-Chief a woman this

Confusing Words Exercise 12

310 /

Week Three Tuesday

'Lie'	and	'Lay
-------	-----	------

1.	lie	lied	lied
2.	lie	lay	lain
3.	lay	laid	laid

Use the correct form of "lie"

1.	My hen	twenty eggs this time./	- 15 t
2.	7731	the patient carefully.	P
3.	The animal		
4.	You	to me on the date of your r	eturn
5.	His sick father had	in bed for a r	
Har	nα		

Present tense	Past tense	Past Participle	
Hang (kill)	Hanged	Hanged	
Hang	hung	hung	

Use the correct form of Hang

6. A man ____himself in his room last night. 7. He _____his head in shame after what he did. 8. The monkey was looking for food as her baby _____ under her. 9. His torn sleeve from his shoulder. 10. Hussein was ______ for having killed a lot of people.

Idiomatic Expressions

Write the meaning of the following idioms

- 11. In cold blood 12. Shedding crocodile tears _____
- 13. Tighten your belt

\underline{Wr}	ite the proverb that means the same as the given sentence	эта
6.	Live within your means	
7.	One who often changes his job will never be rich	
8.	People of the same character often keep each other's company	
9.	Work while you can; don't put things off till tomorrow	
10.	It is the people who have nothing in their head who talk most	

COMPREHENSIONS Passage 1

Week Three Thursday

Read the passages below and answer questions that follow.

There are many places that people refer to as home. Our homes could be our countries, counties, villages or even houses. Everyone has a responsibility to keep their home clean and safe.

It is common to hear people living in foreign countries refer to their home countries. This of course means their countries of origin, but when a child is out playing and says she wants to go home, it usually refers to her house. Our home—should be the safest of all places yet some of us unknowingly make their dangerous places for ourselves. To ensure that our homes are safe, it is important to know some of the things that make them and the environment dangerous.

Take for instance glass containers in the home and how they are handled. When these containers break they may be disposed of carelessly. This poses a danger to people. Other items like thermometers for home use also pose a risk. This is because they contain mercury. When mercury is absorbed by the body one is exposed to health risks such as kidney damage. What happens when these items break accidentally? Where does the mercury go?

Some of us use paint in our offices or homes, unaware that we are handling harmful chemicals which may end up in our environment. I was once recapting one of the rooms in my house in Lodwar. My neighbour's three-terrold som walked this the room and without my knowledge grabbed a bottle of clear liquid, assuming that it was water. Oh poor child! He took a sip of turpentine – a liquid used to make paints thinner, and for cleaning paint from

bushes and clothes. The boy got very sick and had to be rushed to hospital. Whose fault was it?

The steel wool we use for cleaning pots and pans, and for scrubbing rusty surfaces until they are clean and smooth is no better. We <u>hardly ever imagine</u> that it can be a source of serious health risks that could lead to a minor surgery or even the amputation of a finger, a toe, an arm or a leg. Should a small sharp piece of steel wool and especially a contained or a poisoned one finds its way into your body, the experience will not be nice at all.

The other day, there was coverage in the local media about lead poisoning. Lead is a slow killer. If it gets into a person's body, The body develops medical complications that might be incurable. These include terminal **ailments**.

Do you have a car battery in your home? Has the battery acid ever come in contact with your body or skin? The acid from a car battery can damage your skin and your clothing. Acid on your skin, if not washed off, continues to burn and can burn up to the bone.

It is up to everyone to be extra careful and ensure that our homes are safe and clean.

CIC	an.	
1.	Which sentence is not true according to the first paragraph?	
	A. Some people make homes dangerous places to live in	4
	B. Homes can be safe places if we worked more carefully	1
	C. Our homes are considered the safest places to live in.	
	D. We can make our homes dangerous places to live in.	
2.	All the following are examples of homes. Which one has not b	een
	mentioned in the story?	•••
	A. Our environment C. Our countries	2
	B. Our houses D. Our villages	۷.
3.	According to the passage, how would shildren playing in the	
	neighbourhood understand the word 'home"	
	A. The country where they come from.	1
	B. The houses where they live everyday.	3.
	C. The counties where they live.	
	D. The villages where they come from.	
4.	All the following are ways of ensuring safety in our homes. Wh	ich
	one is not ?	
	A. To be conscious at all times when working at home	4
	B. To never use paint and chemicals like turpentine in our homes	
	C. To be aware of what makes our homes unsafe places	

D. To always have a clean environment in our homes

5.	Why should people in homes be	careful with the things they use?	all .		
	A. All things can be dangerous i	f not handled with care.			
in .	B. Some things can be dangerou	is if used inappropriately.	5.		
	C. Accidents are common occurr	rences in our homes.			
	D. Some people canebe careless	with the things they use.	10		
	According to the passage, how	are broken thermometers harmful	to		
	people in a home?				
	A. The mercury in them is dange	erous to people and their health	6.		
		the water and the soil around or	ır		
	homes	of the control of the	(g)		
	C. They make the home environ	ment dirty and untidy			
	D. The mercury in them causes				
	190	its about paints is unknown to mar	nv		
	people?	a a a a			
	A. They make the walls and buil	dings clean and beautiful	7.		
		nicals that cause harm to people.	<u></u>		
		ompletely from clothes using on	15-		
	turpentine.	impletely from clothes daing of	15		
	D. They should be used in our h	omes by experts only			
	What prompted the young boy to				
	A. The painter was careless with				
	B. The child was too thirsty to the		8.		
	C. It looked like water when it w				
	D. It was in a clear bottle which				
).		agine" has been used in the passag			
•	Fliat does it mean?	agme has been used in the passag	e.		
	A. It is hard for us to imagine				
	B. It is impossible to imagine				
	C. People seldom imagine		9.		
	D. People often imagine				
n		35			
٠.	to the passage?	ikely cause of amputation according	ıg		
		1	10.		
	A. Serious ailments from dirty p				
		g steel wool which is contaminated			
	C. Contamination of the tools we	¥ 3			
7	D. Injuries from using poisoned things that we use in our homes Which among the following words means the same as ailments as				
4.		rus means the same as aliments a	is		
	used in the passage? A. Disasters	0.1			
	An analysis are an an analysis and a second	C. Injuries ,	11.		
	B. Deformities	D. Illness			

- 12. The best title for the passage would be one of the following. Which
 - A. Pollution of the environment
- C. Keeping our homes safe
- B. Serious ailments in homes
- D. Causes of amputation

12.

Passage 2

Read the passages below and answer questions that follow.

When you make a mistake, you should not be bitter, engage in self-blame and have regrets written all over your face. When it happens, there is nothing you can do about it. The most important thing is that you should learn from your mistakes. If it is your best friend who puts you in trouble, then you should avoid trusting every Tom, Dick and Harry.

Once faced by a situation that is beyond your control, you should put your chin up and move on with life. You should always be optimistic in life. Positive thinking is what drives you out of the cocoon that most people who face challenges of equal magnitude stay in.

The main reason for learning to move on is that when you are pessimistic about life, you begin to limit yourself and your abilities. As a human being, it is easy to get pulled into negative thoughts, and self-criticism when faced with life's problems. This is what most people do. However, if you learn to deal with life issues realistically, things become easier for you.

Sometimes your families and friends may reject or avoid you when you make a mistake. If this happens you should do some soul-searching, accept your situation and decide to move on with life. Handling your difficulties well is important in that it will make the end results much more helpful to you. This is as opposed to when you dwell too much on the problem at hand.

Positive thinkers are always at ease with everyone. They do not get stressed with what life gives them. They cope better than pessimists who are always out to make things seem worse. But to achieve this, you must actively practise being positive by looking on the brighter side of life. This is seeing the glass as half full and not as half empty.

You must be kind to yourself and never fall into temptation of taking blame for things that are not your fault or are not in your control. You need to treat yourself with kindness, just as you would treat other people because they have

	de mistakes. This should apply to you too. You should view yourself as a man being capable of making mistakes, but willing to correct them.
	and the state of manning institution, but withing to correct men.
_	
Qu	<u>estions</u>
1.	From the first paragraph, we learn that you should
	when you make a rhistake
	A. learn , 1 .
	B. keep yourself with bitterness
	C. engage in self-blame
	D. regret
2.	'Every Tom, Dick and Harry' has been used in the passage to
	mean
	A. close friends
*	B. any ordinary person
	C. nobody in particular
	D. everybody in the vicinity
3.	After a heart-wrenching experience, what should you do?
	A. Keep on blaming yourself
	B. Maximize on negative self-talk
	C. Cultivate positive thoughts
	D. Continue being bitter
4.	Why is it wrong to be pessimistic in life?
	A. You never come out of the cocoon
	B. You begin to limit yourself
	C. You have no self-control
	D. They ask for help form their friends
5.	What do most people do when they are faced with problems in life?
	A. They just sit and mourn
	B. They have negative thoughts 5.
	C. They try to work their problems out
	D. They ask for help from their friends
6.	When your family and friends reject your, what is the best thing to do?
	A. Move out of their lives
	B. Engage in self-criticism
	C. Just limit yourself 6.
	D. Accept your situation and continue with your life
7.	Winners do not dwell too much on the problem but
	A. Handle the difficulty well

7.

B. Ignore the mistake
C. Assume the mistake never happened
D. Keep on regretting

8.	The word pessimist has been used in the proposite?	naggara Wha	+ : :	Std 7	
10.	opposite?	passage. Wha	t is its		
	A. Delinquent	C. Corrupt	10	8.	
	B. Optimist	D. Diligent			
9.	A pessimist is known to always	D. Dingent		WI	
8	A. Make things'seem worse than they are				
	B. See the positive side of something			9.	
	C. Practice positive things			9.	
	D. Stress other people	8			
10	According to the passage, when should we	neveritals bla			
	A. When we are kind to ourselves	never take bis	ımez		
	B. When we treat other people with kindne	99	to "		
	C. When things are not our fault	.55		10.	
1	D. When we see a cup as half empty	8			
11.	"It is unacceptable, for instance, to abuse	other neonla	h00011=- 11		
	made finistakes. This statement mea	nethat	because in	ey	
	A. Sometimes it is not acceptable to abuse	neonle			
	B. Sometimes we can abuse others	Peoble		11.	
	C. When people make mistakes they can be	e abused			
	D. Even when people make mistakes they s	hould not be a	hand	2	
12.	What is the best title for this passage?	and the be a	ibused.		
	A. Lamenting when we make mistakes				
	B. How to live after making mistakes	**		12.	
	C. The life of a pessimist		N.		
	D. Life is not one sweet song				
				20	ν,

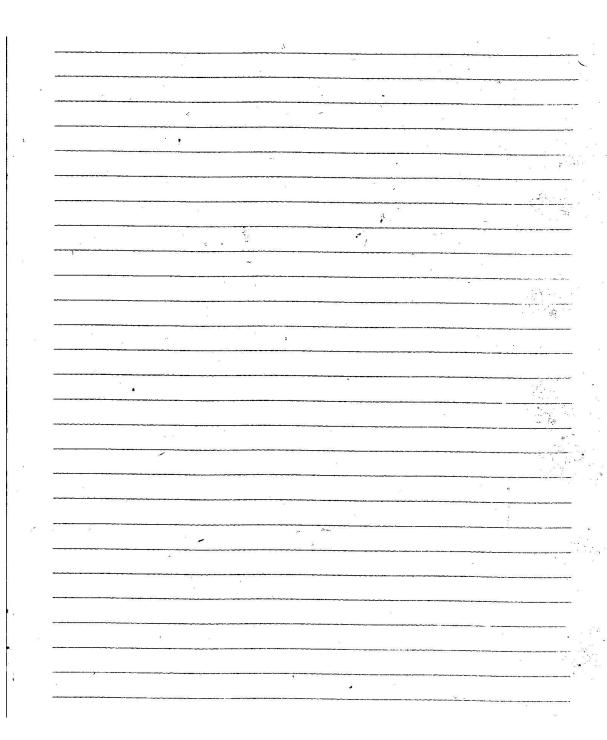
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Composition

COMPOSITIONS A

Complete the followi	ng composi	tions ma	<u>king it as inter</u>	esting as possi	ble.
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arrived homes I archha	d a backen	de ad		, , ,	1
arrived home. I grabbe					center to
get what I had been told	l to buy	•••••••	******************	·····	
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## COMPOSITIONS B

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## WEAK POINTS ANALYSIS TABLE

Торіс	Performance	Teachers Remarks
Broken passages	B.P 1 - 15 points	
4	B.P 2 - 15 points	
,	B.P 3 - 15 points	
PART OF SPEECH		
Phrasal verbs	Exercise 4 - 23point	* .
Direct and indirect speech	1	
Passive and active voice	Exercise 5 - 21 point	D ₁ 2
Spelling	Exercise 6 - 12point	
Punctuation		
Antonyms	Exercise 7 - 28 point	
Synonyms		
Homophones		
Sensible paragraph	Exercise 8 –15 point	9
Question Tag	Exercise 9 –19 point	
Conditional sentence		
Same meaning	Exercise 10 –22 point	
Information analysis	•	
Preposition	Exercise 11-20 point	
Confusing words	Exercise 12-20point	
Idiomatic expression	•	
Proverbs	Exercise 13-10 point	
Comprehensions	Compre. 1 12 points	,
	Compre. 2 12 points	
Compositions	Composition A; 40 points	
	Composition B; 40 points	5

# **MATHEMATICS**

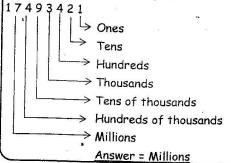
#### NUMBERS

## A place and total value

#### Example

What is the place value of digit 7 in the number 17490421

#### Solution



of digit 6 and 4 in the number 96347?

4. What is the sum of the total values

3. What is the total value of digit 1 in

the product of 307 and 62?

## Week one Monday

#### Exercise 1

- What is the place value of 8 and 6 respectively? In the number 4679832?
- **5.** How much is the value of 2 more than the value of digit 5 in the number 8245310?

- **2.** What is the total value of digit 9 in the number 249718?
- **6.** What is the result of dividing the total value of digit 4 by the total value of digit 8 in the number 54687?

- 7. Which digit is in the place value of hundreds of thousands in the number 87407693?

  2. What is thousand symbols?
  - **2.** What is seven million five thousand and one written in symbols?
- 8. How many groups of hundreds are in the total value of digit 9 in the number 7968325?
- **3.** Write three million eleven thousand and eleven in numerals

#### Reading and writing numbers

#### Example

Write 34 694 587 in words

#### Solution

The number has

34 millions

694 thousands

5 hundreds

8 tens

7 ones

Therefore: Answer -Thirty four million six hundred and ninety four thousand five hundred and eighty seven.

**4.** Write 3004796 less 496348 in words

5. Write the largest number formed from the digit 2,9,7,0,4 and 6 in words

## Week one Tuesday Exercise 2

- 1. Write 8080808 in words
- **6.** Round off 400079 to the nearest thousand

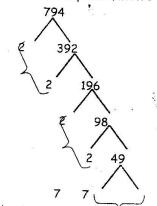
Squares and square roots

### Example

What is the square root of 784?

#### Solution

Express 784 in its prime factors



Pair the factors and pick one factor from each pair

 $2 \times 2 \times 7 = 28$ 

7. What is the square root of each of the following numbers? (a) 676

(b) 961

(c) 1764

8. How many times is the square of 16 more than the square root of 64? .

9. The sum of the first numbers is the same as the square of ___

10. The area of the square piece of land is 1156m². What is the length of each side of the plot in metres?

11. What is the square root of  $\sqrt{1296?}$ 

12. A piece of land which is a square in shape has an area of 4 hectares. What is the length of each side in metres?

### Divisibility text of 11

#### Example

Which number is divisible by 11?

For a number to be divisible by 11 the difference between the sum of the alternate digits is zero or a multiple of eleven.

(a) 5734

#### Solution

5734

Alternate digits are 5,3 and 7,4 -Get the difference between their sum

$$(7+4)-(5+3)$$

11 - 8 = '3

5734 is not divisible by 11

(b) 6534

Alternate digits are 6, 3 and 5, 4 Difference between their sum (6 +3) - (5 +4)9 - 9 = 06534 is divisible by 11

## Week one Wednesday

#### Exercise 3

- 1. Which of the following number is divisible by 11?
  - (a) 56430

(c) 92563

2. Find the missing digit to make the number divisible by 11

3. What is the least number that be subtracted from should 653847? To make it divisible by 11

4. What is the least number that should be added to 42783 to make it divisible by 11?

5. Find the product of 192 and 94 and state whether or not the result is divisible by 11?

(b) 5170

## **FRACTIONS**

## Week one Thursday

## Exercise 4

(a) Squares and fractions

- 1. work out
  - (a)  $(\frac{4}{9})^2$
  - (b)  $(3\frac{1}{4})^2$
- 2. Calculate the area of the square plot

- 3. What is the square of  $1\frac{1}{5}$ ?
- **4.** What is the value of  $(5\frac{3}{4})^2$

5. Eva worked out the square of  $4\frac{2}{3}$  and  $3\frac{1}{2}$  correctly. What was the difference of her results?

## Square roots of fractions

Example

What is the square root of 12  $\frac{1}{4}$ ?

Solution

Convert the number into improper fraction

$$\sqrt{12\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{49}{4}}$$

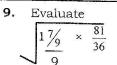
Get the square root of both the numerator and the denominator

$$\sqrt{\frac{49}{4}} = \frac{7}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

**6.** What is the square root of  $7\frac{1}{9}$ ?

7. Work out  $\sqrt{\frac{4}{9} \times 6 \frac{1}{4}}$ 

8. The area of a square is  $5\frac{1}{16}$  cm². What is the length of each of its sides?



10. Work out  $17\frac{16}{25}$ 

### **DECIMALS**

### Place value and total value

#### **Example**

What is the total value of digit 5 in the number 67.854?

#### Solution

The place value of digit 5 is hundredths, thus the total value is

$$5 \times \frac{1}{100} = \frac{5}{100} = 0.05$$

## Week one Friday Exercise 5

- What is the place value of digit 6 in each of the following numbers?
   (a) 93.648
  - (b) 42.659
  - (c) 38.0746
- **2.** What is the total value of digit 8 in the number 75.0148?

3.	How	much	is	the	total	value	of
	digit	9 more	tha	an th	e tota	l value	of
	digit	3 in the	nı	ımbe	er 57.9	963?	

7. Convert  $\frac{5}{16}$  into a decimal

- **4.** What is the sum of the total values digit 4 and 7 in 197.634?
- 8. Express  $\frac{3}{80}$  as decimal to the nearest hundredth?

**9.** Which among the following will not form a terminating decimal?

# Conversation of decimals to fractions and vice versa

#### Example

Convert 0.55 as a fraction in its simplest form

Solution

$$\frac{55}{100} = \frac{11}{20}$$

- **5.** Convert 0.275 into a fraction in its simplest form
- (b)  $\frac{4}{15}$

(a)  $\frac{3}{4}$ 

(c)  $\frac{5}{8}$ 

- **6.** Write 12.045 as a fraction
- 10. Convert  $\frac{5}{6}$  into a decimal using the recurring decimal notation.

- 11. Convert  $\frac{4}{75}$  as a decimal to 3 decimal places
- 2. A square plot has a length of 5.6m. What is its area in m²?

- 12. Convert  $7\frac{13}{20}$  as a decimal
- 3. Work out the square of 0.0256?

## Savares of decimals

Example

What is the square of 0.45?

Solution

Convert as a fraction  $\frac{45}{100}$  and square

that fraction as follows

$$\frac{45}{100} \times 45 = \frac{2025}{10000}$$

Extrees the answer as a decimal

= 0.2025

4. The area of a square card is 7.29cm². Four such square cards are joined to form one bigger square card. What is the length of each side of the bigger square card formed?

## <u>Week Two Monday</u> <u>Exercise 6</u>

- 1. By how much is the square of 3.4 more than he square of 0.34?
- 5. Work out
  (a) 6.42 1.632 =

(b)  $(3.6 - 1.7)^2$ 

## OPERATION AND WHOLE NUMBERS

(a) Addition, Subtraction and multiplication

## Week Two Tuesday Exercise 7

5267928. One of the numbers is 473728. What is the difference

between the two numbers?

- **1.** Work out 6738409 + 9 + 46920 + 87 =
- 6. Subtract 79099 from the least 6 digit/number

  2. The sum of two numbers

- 3. A party was attended by boys and girls. The number of boys was 1078 and that of girls was 64 more than the number of boys. How many children were in the party altogether?
- 7. A farmer employed 6 labourers. If he paid each of them sh. 250 per day, how much did the farmer spend in the month of January and February 2019?

5. A music festival was attended by

altogether?

2547 people. The entry charge

was 225 shillings per person.

How much money was collected

**8.** Divide 26038 by 12

**4.** Multiply  $3498 \times 653 =$ 

- 9. 150 students received a total of Kshs. 852750 as donation. How much money did each student receive?
- 10. What must be multiplied by 37 to get 24383?

Words. If there are 225 words on each page, how many pages are in the book?

12. Divide 58926 by 69

## Combined operations on whole numbers

Example

Work out

27 + 12 ÷ (15 - 12) × 48

Solution

Apply BODMAS

Buckets

15 - 12 = 3

Rewrite

27 + 12 ÷ 3 × 48

Division

12 + 3 = 4

Rewrite

27 + 4 × 48

Multiplication Rewrite

4 × 48 = 192 27 + 192

Addition

27 + 192 = 219

## Week Two Wednesday

## Exercise 8

- 1. What is the value?  $24-3+6 \div 3 \times 8 =$
- 2. Work out  $5(55 30) + 15 \times 5 = 5$
- 3. Find the value of  $(475 + 625) (375 + 105 \times 6)$

- 4. What is the value of  $41 - 55 + 3 \times 14$ 2
- **5.** Work out 82 + 8
- 6. Ken is 24 years younger than his father and 18 younger than his mother. If Ken is 14 years old, what will be the sum of their ages in five years' time?

7. In a political rally, there were 3648 men. The number of women was twice that of men but 580 more than that of girls. If there were 275 more boys than girls, how many people attended the rally?

- 8. A hall has 90 benches. A bench can accommodate either 9 adults or 12 children. On a certain day, 60 benches were occupied by children and the rest by adults. How many people were in the hall altogether that day?
- 9. Mary bought 840 mangoes for She sold the mangoes in equal piles of 8. What was the cost of each pile if she obtained a total of sh. 12,600?

10. Work out

 $3 \text{ of } 4 \div 2 + 4 \times 6 - 2 \div 2 \times 5 =$ 

Number sequences

#### Example

What is the next number in the sequence 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, _____

#### Solution

Prime numbers

13, 17, 19, 23, 29, ___31___

11. What is the next number in the following sequences

(a) 5, 14, 30, 55, 91, ____

(b) 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, ____

(c) 73, 79, 83, 89, ____

(d) 289, 169, 121, 49, ____

12. What is the sum of the next two numbers?

(a) 16, 44, 82, 130,____

(b) 1, 4, 5, 9, 14, 23 ____

#### **FRACTIONS**

### (a) Addition and subtraction

### Example

$$7\frac{3}{5} - 2\frac{1}{2} - 1\frac{1}{3} =$$

#### Solution

- Subtract whole numbers
- Subtract fractions

$$-7-2-1+\frac{3}{5}$$
,  $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{3}=$ 

$$-4 + \frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} = 4 \frac{18 - 15 - 10}{30} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} Borrow \ 1 \\ from \ 4 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$-3\frac{48-15-10}{30}=3\frac{23}{10}$$

## Week Two Thursday Exercise 9

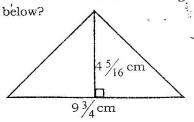
1. Work out

(a) 
$$5 - 2\frac{1}{7} - 1\frac{4}{9} =$$

(b) 
$$7\frac{5}{8} + 5\frac{3}{4} + 10\frac{2}{5} =$$

- 2. Wanjiru has 9 hectares of land. Her tractor ploughed 4  $\frac{5}{8}$  ha on the first day and  $2\frac{9}{16}$  ha on the second day. How much land is left un-ploughed at the end of the second day?
- **6.** A car travels at a speed of  $35\frac{1}{8}$ km/hr. How far does it travel in 1/3 hrs?

3. What is the area of the triangle below?



7. The diagram shows how a rectangular farm is utilized. If the whole farm is 4  $\frac{3}{8}$  hectares. How many hectares are used for vegetables?

Maize $\frac{7}{8}$ hectares	Homestead 13/4 hectares
Beans 1 ⁵ / ₁₆	Vegetables
hectares	?

4. What is half the value of

$$\frac{7\frac{3}{5} \div 3\frac{4}{5}}{1\frac{1}{2}} =$$

- 8. A cow produces 8 ½ litres twice a day. How many litres are produced in 2 weeks altogether?
- 5. What number should be multiplied by  $\frac{3}{8}$  to get  $\frac{5}{32}$ ?
- 9. In a certain clinic each patient was given  $\frac{1}{12}$  milliliter of medicine.

How many patients were treated using 6 ½ millilitres of medicine?

10.A carpenter had 3 pieces of timber of lengths  $4\frac{1}{2}$  m,  $6\frac{1}{4}$  m, and  $3\frac{7}{20}$ metres. By how much is the largest piece longer than the shortest piece?

11. In a farm, there are 180 goats, 120 sheep and 150 cows.  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the goats,  $\frac{2}{5}$  of the sheep and  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the cows were sold. How many animals remained in the farm?

**Combined Operations** 

#### Example

Work out

$$3\frac{1}{6}$$
 -  $\frac{2}{3}(1\frac{1}{3} \div 2\frac{2}{3}) =$ 

Apply BODMAS

Bracket 
$$1\frac{1}{3} \div 2\frac{2}{3}$$
  
Change to  $4$   $8$   $4$ 

Bracket 
$$1\frac{1}{3} \div 2\frac{2}{3}$$
  
Change to improper  $\frac{4}{3} \div \frac{8}{3} = \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$ 

Rewrite 
$$3\frac{1}{6} - \frac{2}{3}(\frac{1}{2})$$

Opening brackets 
$$\frac{2}{3}(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Rewrite 
$$3\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$$

Subtraction 3 
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 -  $\frac{1}{3}$  =  $\frac{19-2}{6}$  =  $\frac{17}{6}$ 

$$\frac{17}{6} = 2\frac{5}{6}$$

## Week Two Friday Exercise 10

1. Work out

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of  $20 - 4 \times \frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{2} =$ 

(b) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of  $(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{5}) \div 2\frac{4}{5} =$ 

2.	What is the	value	of;-
	$\frac{1}{2}$ of $1\frac{1}{2}$	- ½ ÷	4/5

rest are goats. How many goats are there?

- 3. What is the value of  $\frac{3}{4}(1 \frac{8}{15}) \div \frac{4}{5} =$
- 6. James read \( \frac{1}{4} \) of his story book on Monday and \( \frac{1}{2} \) of the remainder on Tuesday. He read the rest of the story book on Wednesday. If he read 15 pages on Wednesday, How many pages are in the story book altogether?

4. James spent  $\frac{2}{3}$  of his salary on fee,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the remainder on food and saved the rest. If he saved sh. 4800, calculate his total salary.

## Number sequences

7. What is the next number in the sequence below?

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
,  $\frac{1}{8}$ ,  $\frac{1}{16}$ ,  $\frac{1}{32}$ 

(b) 
$$1\frac{2}{3}$$
,  $2\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $3$ ,  $3\frac{2}{3}$ ,

(c) 4, 
$$3\frac{2}{5}$$
,  $2\frac{4}{5}$ ,  $2\frac{1}{5}$ ,

5. A farm has 200 animals. Of these,  $\frac{2}{5}$  are sheep,  $\frac{7}{20}$  are cattle and the

(d)  $1\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $1\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $2\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $2\frac{3}{4}$ , ___

- 3. Subtract 1.909 from 2
- **4.** Work out 6.325 ÷ 1.25 =

### **DECIMALS**

(a) Basic operations

## Week Three Monday Exercise 11

- **1.** Add
  - (a) 6.306 + 0.9 + 120.013 =
  - (b) 4 + 0.008 + 17.13 =

5. The area of the rectangle is 7.7m²
Calculate the length

 $A = 7.7 \text{m}^2$ 

2.2m²

**6.** Work out  $4.87 \times 0.443$ 

2. Subtract

(a) 2.69 - 1.0681 =

(b) 0.103 - 0.09 =

### <u>Percentages</u>

Percentages increase

#### <u>Example</u>

The price of an item increased from sh. 120 to sh. 150. What was the percentage increase in the price of the item?

#### Solution

New price

Kshs. 150,

Original price

Kshs. 120

Increase

Kshs. 30

Inc

PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGNATURE

68



TEACHER'S SIGNATURE

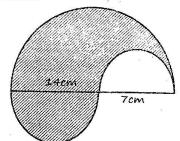
Percentage increase = <u>Increase x 100</u> Original value 30 x 100 = 25% 120	6. After an increase of 25% Kimunya's salary became Ksh 18,750. What was his salary before the increase?
Week Three Tuesday  Exercise 12  1. The population of a school increased from 420 to 490. What was the percentage increase?	
portoniage increase:	Percentage decrease
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Example Decrease 300 by 15% Solution
2. A loaf of bread cost sh. 50. If the price is increased by 20%, what would be the new price?	Original value = 300 = 100% 100-15% =85 ? = 85% 300 x 85 =255 100
	7. Decrease 56 by 25%
3. Increase 200 by 35%	
4. Increase $\frac{3}{4}$ by 50%	8. An athlete decreased his speed from 8m/s to 5 m/s. What was the percentage decrease in his speed?
5. Increase $500 \times 7 \frac{1}{2}\%$	
II .	9. The price of a shirt was sh. 800.

	···
Thorough 30%. What is the new price of	Std 7
the shirt?	MEASUREMENTS
	Week Three Wednesday
, ,	Exercise 13
	Decimeters and hectometers
ř	Complete the statements
,	(a) 1Dm =metres
10. A farmer harvested 1200 bags of	(b) 1Hm = decimeters
wheat in 2017. In 2018, the yield	3
dropped by 20%. What was the	***
yield in 2017?	(c) 1M = Hectometres
~	
B	(d) 1Hm = Decimetres
f i	
	= metres
11. Decrease 1000 by 12½%	B. Conversion of units of length
11. Decrease 1000 by 12½%	B. <u>Conversion of units of length</u> <u>Example</u>
11. Decrease 1000 by 12½%	
11. Decrease 1000 by 12½%	Example
11. Decrease 1000 by 12½%	Example Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres Solution (i) Convert 3Hm into metres
11. Decrease 1000 by 12½%	Example Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres Solution (i) Convert 3Hm into metres 1Hm = 100M 3 × 100 = 300m
11. Decrease 1000 by 121/2%	Example Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres Solution (i) Convert 3Hm into metres
	Example Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres Solution  (i) Convert 3Hm into metres  1Hm = 100M 3 × 100 = 300m  3Hm = ? 1
12. The fare between two towns is sh.	Example  Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres  Solution  (i) Convert 3Hm into metres  1Hm = 100M 3 x 100 = 300m  3Hm = ? 1  (ii) Convert 5Dm into metres
12. The fare between two towns is sh. 90. If this is after a 20%	Example Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres Solution  (i) Convert 3Hm into metres $1Hm = 100M  3 \times 100 = 300m$ $3Hm = ? 1$ (ii) Convert 5Dm into metres $1Dm = 10m  5 \times 100$
12. The fare between two towns is sh.	Example Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres Solution  (i) Convert 3Hm into metres $1Hm = 100M  3 \times 100 = 300m$ $3Hm = ? \qquad 1$ (ii) Convert 5Dm into metres $1Dm = 10m \qquad 5 \times 100$ $5Dm = ?$
12. The fare between two towns is sh. 90. If this is after a 20%	Example  Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres  Solution  (i) Convert 3Hm into metres $1Hm = 100M \frac{3 \times 100 = 300m}{3 \times 100 = 300m}$ $3Hm = ? 1$ (ii) Convert 5Dm into metres $1Dm = 10m = 5 \times 100$ $5Dm = ?$ Therefore $5Dm = 500m$
12. The fare between two towns is sh. 90. If this is after a 20%	Example  Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres  Solution  (i) Convert 3Hm into metres  1Hm = 100M 3 × 100 = 300m  3Hm = ? 1  (ii) Convert 5Dm into metres  1Dm = 10m 5 × 100  5Dm = ?  Therefore 5Dm = 500m  (iii) Convert 2dm into metres
12. The fare between two towns is sh. 90. If this is after a 20%	Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres
12. The fare between two towns is sh. 90. If this is after a 20%	Example  Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres  Solution  (i) Convert 3Hm into metres  1Hm = 100M 3 × 100 = 300m  3Hm = ? 1  (ii) Convert 5Dm into metres  1Dm = 10m 5 × 100  5Dm = ?  Therefore 5Dm = 500m  (iii) Convert 2dm into metres  1m = 10dm  ? = 2/m
12. The fare between two towns is sh. 90. If this is after a 20%	Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres
12. The fare between two towns is sh. 90. If this is after a 20%	Example  Convert 3Hm 5Dm 2dm into metres  Solution  (i) Convert 3Hm into metres  1Hm = 100M 3 × 100 = 300m  3Hm = ? 1  (ii) Convert 5Dm into metres  1Dm = 10m 5 × 100  5Dm = ?  Therefore 5Dm = 500m  (iii) Convert 2dm into metres  1m = 10dm  ? = 2/m

- 2. Convert 6km 8Hm 5dm 20cm into metres
- (b) What is the distance from church to school via home in metres?
- 3. Express 5.8km as centimetres
- Perimeter of shapes

#### Example

What is the distance round the figure below?



5. Convert, 0.57Dm into decimeters

Convert 10m 35cm into millimeters

#### Solution

(i) Circumference of the biggest semicircle

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \prod d = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 21 = 33 \text{cm}$$

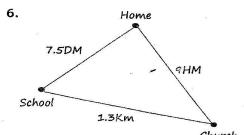
(ii) Circumference of the medium sized semi-circle

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \prod d = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 14 = 22 \text{cm}$$

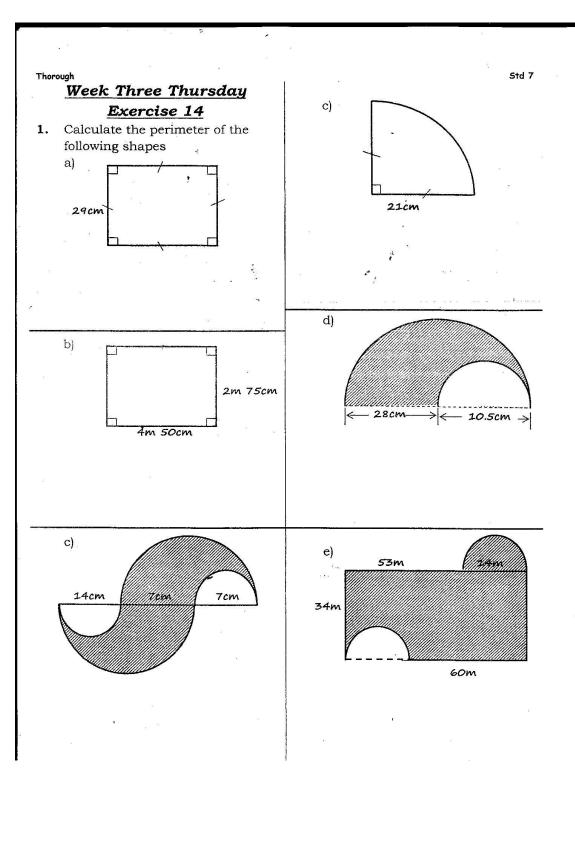
(iii) Circumference of the smallest semicircle

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \Pi d = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{4} \times 7 = 11 \text{cm}$$

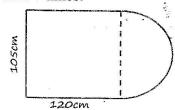
(iv) Add 33cm +22cm +11cm =66cm Answer = 66cm



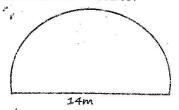
(a) What is the distance from home to school via the church in decimetres?



- 2. A rectangular field has a perimeter of 148m. Its width is 34m 25m. What is the measure of its length?
- 3. 30 poles are fixed along one side of a field at intervals of 8 metres. What is the length of the field?
- **3.** How many kilometres will an athlete cover if he goes round the field 7 times?



4. How many poles can be used to fence the vegetable garden shown at intervals of 4 metres?



# Working out problems involving perimeter in real life situations

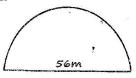
- 1. A wheel has a diameter of 35cm. What distance in Km will it cover if it makes 3000 revolutions?
- **5.** A bicycle wheel covered a distance of 17.6km. If its radius is 56cm, how many revolutions did it make?
- 2. How many poles can be fixed on one side of a road 12km of intervals of 60 metres?
- **6.** The circumference of a circle is 176cm. What is the radius?

### Area of a circle

#### Example

Calculate the area of the following shape

Solution

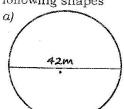


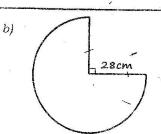
Area of semi-circle =  $\frac{1}{2} \Pi r^2$ A =  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 28 \times 28 = 1232 \text{cm}^2$ 

# Week Three Friday

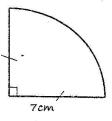
### Exercise 15

1. Calculate the area of the following shapes

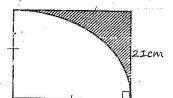




c)



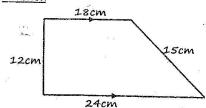
2. Calculate the area of the shade part



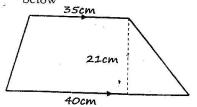
# Area of trapezium and parallelogram

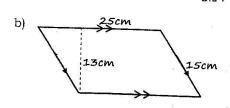
#### Example

Calculate the area of the following figures Solution

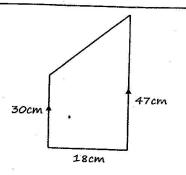


Area of a trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2} \times h (a + b)$ h=12cm, a = 18cm, b=24cm Area =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 12 (8 + 24)$ =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 42 = 252cm^2$  Calculate the area of the figures below





b)

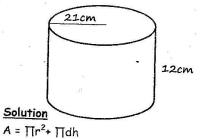


Surface area of cylinder,

# cubes and cubicles

#### Examples

Calculate the surface are of the open cylinder below

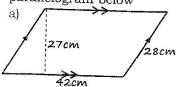


$$A = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \prod_{j=1}^{n} dh_{i}$$

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 21 \times 21 + \frac{22}{7} \times 42 \times 12$$

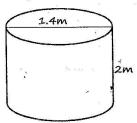
= 
$$1386 \text{cm}^2 + 1584 \text{cm}^2 = 2970 \text{cm}^2$$

Calculate the area of the parallelogram below

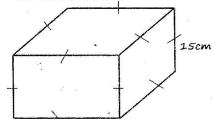


5. Calculate the area of the curved surface of a cylinder whose radius is 14cm and height 20cm. Thorough

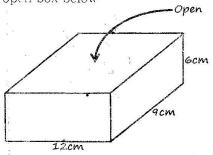
**6.** What is the surface area of the closed cylinder below?



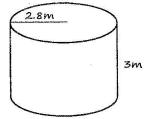
**9.** Calculate the surface are of the closed cube below



7. Calculate the surface area of the open box below



**10.** Calculate the surface area of the open tank below



8. The curved surface of a cylinder has an area of 2640cm². If its length is 20cm, calculate its radius in cm?

11. Calculate the area of 9 pipes whose length is 5m and radius 0.14m

## WEAK POINTS ANALYSIS TABLE

Note every answer is a point

Topic	Performance .	Teachers Remarks
Whole numbers *		
-place value & total value	Exec. 1; 8 Points	
-Reading & writing Numb.		ч
- Square and square root	Exec. 2; 14 Points	
- Divisibility test of 11	Exec. 3; 7 Points	
- Square and sq. root of fra	Exec. 4; 11 Points	r _{.e.}
<ul> <li>Place value of decimals</li> </ul>	Exec. 5; 16Points	
Square of decimals	Exec. 5; 16Points	
Operation on whole numbers	Exec. 7; 12 points	
- Combined operation	Exec. 8; 16 points	
Fraction	,	•
- Operation on decimals	Exec. 9; 13 points	
- Combined operation		f *
- Number sequence	Exec. 10; 11 points	
		9
Operations on Numbers	4	V
- Conversion of %to fraction	Exec. 11; 8 points	65
- Percentage increase	Exec. 12; 14 points	
Measurement	×	
- Length & perimeter	Exec. 13; 10 points	
- Area	Exec. 14; 14 points	1 H H
- Surface area	Exec. 15; 15 points	

# KISWAHILI

# KUSIKILIZA NA KUZUNGUMZA

1. Tamko "makiwa" hutumika wakati gani? A. Jioni B. Unapomsalimia mtu mkubwa C. Asubuhi D. Mtu anapofiwa 2. Sina haja ya kusikiliza maneno yako kwani hayanihusu A. hayanisaidii hata kidogo B. ndewe wala sikio C. siri wala dhahiri D. mwadhihi wala la mteka maji msikitini 3. Ni methali ipi inayoonyesha subira hunufaisha. A. Chovya chovya humaliza buyu la asali B. Bandu bandu humaliza gogo C. Lisemwalo lipo D. Yaliyopita si ndwele tugange yajayo 4. Sentensi ipi yenye istiara? A. Nguo yake ilipigwa pasi ikanyoka twa' B. Yeye anaringa kama tausi. C. Tulikuwa na furaha na buraha.
B. Unapomsalimia mtu mkubwa C. Asubuhi D. Mtu anapofiwa 2. Sina haja ya kusikiliza maneno yako kwani hayanihusu A. hayanisaidii hata kidogo B. ndewe wala sikio C. siri wala dhahiri D. mwadhihi wala la mteka maji msikitini 3. Ni methali ipi inayoonyesha subira hunufaisha. A. Chovya chovya humaliza buyu la asali B. Bandu bandu humaliza gogo C. Lisemwalo lipo D. Yaliyopita si ndwele tugange yajayo 4. Sentensi ipi yenye istiara? A. Nguo yake ilipigwa pasi ikanyoka twa' B. Yeye anaringa kama tausi. C. Tulikuwa na furaha na buraha.
C. Asubuhi D. Mtu anapofiwa  2. Sina haja ya kusikiliza maneno yako kwani hayanihusu A. hayanisaidii hata kidogo B. ndewe wala sikio C. siri wala dhahiri D. mwadhihi wala la mteka maji msikitini  3. Ni methali ipi inayoonyesha subira hunufaisha. A. Chovya chovya humaliza buyu la asali B. Bandu bandu humaliza gogo C. Lisemwalo lipo D. Yaliyopita si ndwele tugange yajayo  4. Sentensi ipi yenye istiara? A. Nguo yake ilipigwa pasi ikanyoka twa' B. Yeye anaringa kama tausi. C. Tulikuwa na furaha na buraha.
D. Mtu anapofiwa  Sina haja ya kusikiliza maneno yako kwani hayanihusu A. hayanisaidii hata kidogo B. ndewe wala sikio C. siri wala dhahiri D. mwadhihi wala la mteka maji msikitini  Ni methali ipi inayoonyesha subira hunufaisha. A. Chovya chovya humaliza buyu la asali B. Bandu bandu humaliza gogo C. Lisemwalo lipo D. Yaliyopita si ndwele tugange yajayo  4. Sentensi ipi yenye istiara? A. Nguo yake ilipigwa pasi ikanyoka twa' B. Yeye anaringa kama tausi. C. Tulikuwa na furaha na buraha.
2. Sina haja ya kusikiliza maneno yako kwani hayanihusu A. hayanisaidii hata kidogo B. ndewe wala sikio C. siri wala dhahiri D. mwadhihi wala la mteka maji msikitini 3. Ni methali ipi inayoonyesha subira hunufaisha. A. Chovya chovya humaliza buyu la asali B. Bandu bandu humaliza gogo C. Lisemwalo lipo D. Yaliyopita si ndwele tugange yajayo 4. Sentensi ipi yenye istiara? A. Nguo yake ilipigwa pasi ikanyoka twa' B. Yeye anaringa kama tausi. C. Tulikuwa na furaha na buraha.
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C. Tulikuwa na furaha na buraha.
D III
D. Kijana huyo ni jogoo.
5. Mtu asiyekuwa na uhai tena huitwa majina yafuatayo isipokuwa?
A. Marehemu C. Mfu 5.
B. Maiti D. Mwili
6. Unapomtembelea mgonjwa hospitalini au nyumbani utampa himizo
kwa kumwambia?
A. Asalaam Aleikum C. Ungua pole
B. Hongera D. Ugua pole
7. Kipchoge alipewa mkono wa baada ya
kushinda mbio za nyika.
A. tanzia C. lawama
B. kurusha D. tahania
8 ni Seneta maarufu na mnyenyekevu.
A. Mheshimiwa Hassan C. Mtukufu Hassan 8.
B. Shehe Hassan  D. Bwana Hassan

9.	dade utalam	1	Std 7
	A. Naomba	ywa sharubati gani?	I
101	B. Tafadhali	C. Samahani	
10.	Masalkheri ni salamu za wakati	D. Nisamehe	9.
	A. Alfajiri		
	B. Alasiri	C. Jioni	
11.	Daktari Kariuki alipewa	D. Adhuhuri	10.
	kuhamasisha umma kuhusu gor	kwa juhudi zake za	<del> </del>
	A. radhi	njwa la ukimwi	<u> </u>
	B. salamu	C. pongezi	11
12.	Kulewa kwake busits bissis	D. nashukuru	<u> </u>
	Kulewa kwake kupita kiasi kuli	msababishia madhara mengi ya	
	A. Kulewa chopi		12.
-	B. Kulia ngoa	C. Kulewa rovurovu	12.
E	2. Tetta 1180a	D. Kuleta jefule	
		and the second s	
_	AN ANCE	1 Jumanne	
3.	Waharibifu wote wa misitu <b>wataa</b> wasipoacha tabia biyo	dhibiwa na wizara basi	
		na wizara nusika	1 1
1	A. Watachukuliwa hatia	C Wrate to the	13
	B. Watatozwa dhamana	C. Watachukuliwa hatua	13.
4.	labia yake ya wizi ilimfanya <b>anyo</b> na hatia ya mauaji.	D. Kuwa na pupa	Α
r	na hatia ya mauaji.	ngwe kwa kamba alipopatikana	
F	A. ale Njama	0	14
	3. ale kalenda	C. ale kiapo	
	egua kitendawili	D. atiwe kitanzi	] [
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R	<mark>Itoto wangu kipofu hula kwa k</mark> Sindano	tushikwa mkia	
<b>I</b> I		C. Kofia	15.
A E	3. Muwa	Cu <b>shikwa mkia</b> C. Kofia D. Sabuni	15.
A B	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali	C. Kofia D. Sabuni	15.
A A A	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali Chanikaye kwenye mpini hafi i	C. Kofia D. Sabuni	
A B C A A	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali chanikaye kwenye-mpini hafi i Aendaye kwa mganga hakosi iar	C. Kofia D. Sabuni <b>njaa</b>	15.
A E A A A B	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali chanikaye kwenye-mpini hafi i Aendaye kwa mganga hakosi jar Mtaka cha myunguni sharti ain	C. Kofia D. Sabuni <b>njaa</b>	
A E A A A B C	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali chanikaye kwenye-mpini hafi i . Aendaye kwa mganga hakosi jar . Mtaka cha mvunguni sharti aina . Achezeaye tope humrukia	C. Kofia D. Sabuni <b>njaa</b>	
A B A A B C D	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali Chanikaye kwenye-mpini hafi i Aendaye kwa mganga hakosi jar Mtaka cha mvunguni sharti aina Achezeaye tope humrukia Aisifuye mvua imempyea	C. Kofia D. Sabuni <b>njaa</b> nbo ame	
A B C D M	B. Muwa Cha methali chagua kisawe cha methali chanikaye kwenye mpini hafi i Aendaye kwa mganga hakosi jar Mtaka cha mvunguni sharti aina Achezeaye tope humrukia Aisifuye mvua imemnyea chezo wa kushikana na kuangusi	C. Kofia D. Sabuni <b>njaa</b> nbo ame	16.
A A A A B C D A.	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali Chanikaye kwenye-mpini hafi i Aendaye kwa mganga hakosi jar Mtaka cha mvunguni sharti aina Achezeaye tope humrukia Aisifuye mvua imemnyea chezo wa kushikana na kuangusl Kabumbu	C. Kofia D. Sabuni  njaa  nbo  ame  hana huitwa	
A A A A B C D M A. B.	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali chanikaye kwenye-mpini hafi i Aendaye kwa mganga hakosi jar Mtaka cha mvunguni sharti aina Achezeaye tope humrukia Aisifuye mvua imemnyea chezo wa kushikana na kuangusl Kabumbu Mwereka	C. Kofia D. Sabuni  njaa  mbo ame  hana huitwa C. Masumbwi	16.
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A A B C D M A. B. M. A.	B. Muwa Chagua kisawe cha methali Chanikaye kwenye-mpini hafi i Aendaye kwa mganga hakosi jar Mtaka cha mvunguni sharti aina Achezeaye tope humrukia Aisifuye mvua imemnyea chezo wa kushikana na kuangusl Kabumbu	C. Kofia D. Sabuni  njaa  mbo ame  hana huitwa C. Masumbwi	16.

HIUIU	uB11	,	
19.	Rehema hufanya kazi <b>usiku kucha</b> .	Hii ina maana yeye hufanya k	azi
	A. Alfajiri	C. Kila wakati	4.0
	B. Mchana kutwa	D. Usiku mzima	19.
20.	Kamilisha tashbihi ifuatayo	* e	
	Imara kama pua	le.	-
	A. chuma cha	C. kipini ya	20.
	B. kidonda cha	D. Mlingeti wa	
21.	Nahau <u>"kulisha mrututu"</u> ina maan	a gani?	
	A. Kutesa	C. Kurudi	21.
	B. Kutunza	D. Kudekeza	-
22.	Mashairi hutoa mafunzo yafuatayo i	2"	
	A. Kuonya	C. Kufariji	22.
	B. Kuhimiza	D. Kulaghai	
23.	Jibu la kitendawili. Hushindana wal		
	A. Kivuli	C. Miguu	23.
	B. Mawingu	D. Magurudumu	25.
24.	Wachinjaji waliwachinja mbuzi	ē.	100-00-00-00-0
	A. chwa	C. kicha	24.
	B. twa	D. kenyekenye	27.
25	Mpira uliotiwa pumzi ulipasuka		1 200 000
40.	A. Paa	C. Waa	25.
	B. Puu	D. Tifu	
	D. 1 44	D. HIU	

## **KUSOMA**

### <u>Ufahamu wa kwanza</u> Wiki 1 Jumatano

#### Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 1 mpaka 10

Ujirani mwema ni kitu gani? Mwanzo, ujirani mwema ni kuvumiliana. Pili ni kufaana kwa zuri na baya. Tatu, na muhimu zaidi, ni kuishi kwa utangamano, ushikamano bila utengano. Je, wajua kuwa afadhali jirani wa karibu kuliko ndugu wa mbali? Natarajia ungejua. Ni muhimu kutaja kwamba hakuna hata binadamu mmoja anayeweza kuishi bila jirani.

Wanawake wawili majirani katika eneo la Rabiki waliamua kupigana hadharani kwa sababu kondoo wa mmoja wao aliharibu mimea ya mwenzake. Walipatiana makumbo ya maneno mazitomazito bila kukumbuka uhusiano wao wa karibu wa awali. Hata walikumbushana namna mmoja wao alikuwa akimnyemelea mume wa mwenzie. Haya na mengine yalijiri tu kutokana na kosa la mnyama yule asiyekuwa na akili.

Tangu waolewe katika eneo hilo, wanawake hao hawakuwa wamezozana hata siku moja na walikuwa wanachama wa vikundi mbalimbali vya akina mama. Walikuwa wakishirikiana katika mambo mengi na tukio la siku hiyo liliwashangaza wengi. Waliuweka urafiki na ujirani wao kando na kuvurumishiana makonde mazito mbele ya wakazi. Watu walitazama sinema ya bure huku wakishangaa.

Mmoja wao alikuwa mfanyibiashara na mkulima katika kijiji hiki ilhali mwenzake alikuwa anamtegemea mumewe kwa mahitaji yake. Hata hivyo akawa anafuga kuku wachache na kondoo. Mwenye kondoo ndiye aliyelalamikia jaribio la kuchopolewa mpenzi na mwingine.

Kitumbua cha ujirani wao kiliingia mchanga mama mwenye kondoo alipofunga kondoo wake katika kichaka karibu na shamba la jirani yake. Baada ya kuwafunga alirudi kwake ili aendelee na shughuli nyingine za nyumbani. Kwa bahati mbaya, kamba iliyotumiwa kumfunga kondoo mmoja ilikatika na myama huyo akaingia kwenye shamba la jirani na kuanza kula mimea. Muda si muda mwenye shamba alitokea na kukuta mimea yake imeharibiwa.

Mama huyu alichukua kipande cha mti akamgonga kondoo na kumvunja mguu. Kamsa na kilio cha kondoo zilimvutia mwenye kondoo ambaye alipandwa na mori si kidogo baada ya kuona kilichofanyiwa kondoo wake.

"Kwa hivyo wivu wako umefanya utake kumwua kondoo wangu?"

"Basi ikiwa unadhani nitakaa kitako ucheze na mali yangu, umenoa. Kwani umechokoza nyuki." Akasema mwenye kondoo huku akiwaka kwa hasira na kuanza kumshambulia mwenzake. Hata hivyo, hakuwa na bahati kwani mwenzake alimjibu kwa makonde yake mazito. Iliwabidi wapita njia kuingilia kati na kuwatenganisha wawili hao.

1.	Jirani si						
2.	A. utengano C. ushirikiano B. utangamano D. ushikamano Afadhali jirani wa karibu kuliko ndugu wa mbali. Huku ni kumaanisha kuwa	1.					
	A. afadhali kuwa na jirani kuliko kuwa na ndugu B. jirani ana manufaa mengi kuliko ndugu C. jirani aliye karibu anaweza kukufaa kuliko ndugu wa mbali D. unaweza kumpenda jirani yako zaidi kuliko ndugu yako						
Pá	TEACHER'S SIGNATURE 81 TEACHER'S SIGNATURE						

### <u>Ufahamu wa Pili</u> Wiki 1 Alhamisi

# Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 1 mpaka 10

Bibi huyu alikuwa halali ilhali mumewe alikuwa simba chengoni pao. Bibi alikuwa na bidii za mchwa kazini mwake. Alikuwa akirauka alfajiri ili kutayarisha staftahi ya watoto na ya "simba" wake. Aliwakama ng'ombe, akawapa malisho na kung'oa nanga kuelekea kondeni. Kwa kawaida mumewe aliamka baada ya jua kuukausha umande. Baada ya kupata kisabeho chake, hakuwa na jingine ila kueleke'a madukani ambapo angelaza damu na nyuni wenzake wa ubawa sawa. Hawakuwa na lolote la maana ila tu kutoa ngebe na maneno ya mkahawani hadi machwa. Baadaye walikuwa wakirejea viamboni pao ambapo wangepata kilalio huku wakidadisi na kukagua shughuli za wake zao za kutwa nzima. Walikuwa marijali wa kudunisha maendeleo.

Mbali na hayo yote, bibi huyo hakufa moyo ila aliendelea kuvumilia maudhi ya mumewe. Alikuwa na chembe ya matumaini kuwa mambo yangemwendea mserego siku moja. Alitarajia siku moja mumewe abadilishe mienendo yake kwani mui huwa mwema lakini tarajio moja tofauti mno na uhalisi wa mambo. Mumewe alizidi kuwa mkatili.

Mambo yalipita mpaka bwana mtu alipoanza kumpiga bibi yake bila kosa wala taksiri. Maskini bibi mtu hakuwa na la kusema wala kufanya kwani mwenye nguvu mpishe na angurumapo simba mcheza ni nani?

Asubuhi moja, bibi huyu alipigwa sana na mumewe. Aliuma meno na akashika njia kuelekea kondeni. Mume naye alibarizi pale nje na kuota jua mwanana la asubuhi. Akiwa njiani kuelekea shambani, bibi alikutana na marijali wawili. Walimsabahi na kisha wakamweleza kuwa walikuwa wametoka nchi ya mbali. Lengo na nia ya kufika pale ni kumpata mganga stadi ambaye angemtibu mfalme wao.

Bibi mtu aliiona ile ikiwa nafasi murwa ya kulipiza kisasi. Alichemsha bongo na mara akawajibu wale wageni. "Hapa Kariani tunaye mganga mmoja gwiji vilivyo. Yeye huyatibu maradhi ya kila aina. Hata hivyo ni nadra na adimu yeye kukiri kuwa ni mganga. Ninasitika itawabidi mmpige vikali ili akubali. Watu wale walimwahidi mama yule kufanya lolote kadri ya uwezo wao mradi yule "mganga" akiri ugwiji wake.

Papo hapo mama huyo aliwaelezea marijali wale njia ya kufuata kwa mumewe. Walimpata akiota jua na walipomwelezea matakwa yao, mzee

aliwajibu kuwa hakuwa na ujuzi wowote wala tajriba na uganga. Yote hayo waliyatarajia na hawakuwa na lingine ila kumpatia kichapo cha mbwa. Walimchapa hadi akazimia. Alipopata nafuu waliendelea kumpiga. Maskini mzee alipoona watu wale wangemwelekeza jongomeo, alikubali kwamba alielewa uganga. Tayari haja ya mkewe ya kulipiza kisasi ilikuwa imetimia. Waama mhini na mhiniwa njia yao ni moja.

1.	Vivo mini 1.11 ' 1'1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
.L.	. Kwa nini bibi alikuwa akiamka mapema ukirejelea aya/paragrafu ya kwanza?							
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2.	D. Kukama ng'ombe							
eSeci o	Mume mtu aliutumia aje mchana wake kulingana na kifungu?	2.						
10	The state of agricult Za macwe							
	Third Charles							
	C. Akipiga domo na porojo na wazee wazembe mtaani D. Akiwatibu watu mtaani	-						
3								
ω,	Bibi mtu alikuwa na matarajio yapi?  A. Kulinizia kisasi dhibi ya mumowa							
	A. Kulipizia kisasi dhibi ya mumewe B. Mumewe kuwa mganga	3.						
5-	C. Mumewe kuhama							
	D. Mumewe angebadilika							
4.								
	Ni kwa nini mume alikubali kuwa na ujuzi wa uganga?  A. Asalimishe maisha yake  C. Apate umaarufu							
	D A C Line and C Line	4.						
5.	Mzee simba alikuwa akirejea nyumbani wakati wa machwa. Ni							
0.000	nini kinyume cha machwa?							
	A A # 7							
	C. Masiri	5.						
6.	Ni ukweli kusema							
	A. Mume mtu alikuwa daktari							
	B. Mume mtu alikuwa mvivu	101						
	C. Bibi mtu alikuwa mvivu	6.						
	D. Mume na bibi waliishi kwa amani							
7.	Waie wanaume wawili:-							
	A. Walitoka nchi jirani							
	B. Walikuwa wenyeji wa nchi ile	7.						
	C. Walitoka nchi ya mbali							
	D. Walikuwa wakimbizi	.						

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## Ufahamu wa tatu Wiki 2 Jumatatu

# Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 1 mpaka 10

Ukiyasoma majarida mbalimbali utazipata takwimu za kushangaza. Nyingi za takwimu hizi zinasababisha mtu hata akose matumaini. Takwimu zinaonyesha kuwa watoto wanaokufa kabla ya kufikisha umri wa miaka mitano bado ni wengi. Wafao wakati wa kuzaliwa bado ni tele. Watu waambukizwao virusi vya ukimwi kila dakika ni wengi. Watu wanaokufa mikononi mwa majambazi wanazidi kuongezeka nao wafao katika ajali barabarani si haba. Watoto wetu wa kike wanaobakwa na wanyama katika ngozi za binadamu idadi yao inazidi kuongezeka kila kukicha.

Utazidi kupoteza matumaini ukisoma na usikie kuwa vijana wetu wanazidi kujiingiza katika utumiaji wa dawa za kulevya na pia vitendo vya ngono. Takwimu za watoto wafao kutokana na maradhi ya malaria nazo zinatisha. Sisemi kuwa wafao kwa maradhi mengine kama vile kifaduro. Ifahamike kuwa wengine hufa kutokana na utapia mlo.

Upande wa uchumi hakuna habari njema vilevile bila shaka; kufikia sasa umezoea kusikia kuwa zaidi ya raia nchini wamo katika kitovu cha umaskini. Hawawezi kupata hata angalau shilingi themanini kwa siku. Hebu fikiria kuhusu kiongozi wa jamii aliye na watoto sita ilhali hawezi kupata

angalau shilingi themanini kwa siku. Nafasi za ajira nazo ni haba. Idadi ya wasio na kazi wala bazi inazidi kuongezeka.

Mulingana na takwimu hizo lile linaloonekana kukua kwa haraka ni mitaa ya mabanda katika miji yetu. Na je, unaelewa kuwa zaidi ya asilimia sabini ya wakazi wa miji yetu huishi katika mitaa ya mabanda?

Nalo pengo kati ya matajiri na maskini linazidi kushamiri. Kila kukicha matajiri wanazidi kunawiri huku maskini wakiendelea kudidimia na wengine hata kufifia kabisa.

Hali ya mazingira nayo haijaonyesha lolote la kuinua nyoyo zetu. Takwimu zinazidi kuonyesha misitu yetu inazidi kuangamizwa. Mito nayo inazidi kukauka. Maziwa yetu yanazidi kukauka na kuchafuka, Navyo viumbe vya majini kama vile samaki vinazidi kufariki dunia. Inasemekana pia kuwa kiwango cha joto duniani kinazidi kuongezeka. Si ajabu kuikosa theluji kileleni mwa mlima Kenya miaka michache ijayo. Nayo maradhi ya ngozi na ya saratani ya ngozi yazidi kuathiri na kulifisi ndugu na wazazi wetu.

Swali ni hili, je, tunaelekea wapi? Je, mambo haya yanatokea kwa kuwa hatuna uwezo wa kuyathibiti au ni kwa sababu tunayavalia miwani? Katu siamini kuwa hatuwezi kuyashinda. Uwezo tunao lakini nia haipo. Pasipo na nia njia haipo. Lakini tumaini lipo. Si tumaini pekee, hata suluhisho. Nayo ya mikononi mwenu enyi vijana kumbukeni mnao uwezo. Ni nyinyi viongozi wa kesho someni kwa bidii mwinusuru dunia.

	Katika aya ya kwanza mwandishi ameyataja majanga mangapi?  A. Sita  C. Saba  B. Matano	,
2.	D. Manne Kulingana na kifungu, mbali na maradhi, watoto wachanga aidha	1.
	wanaushwa na	
	A. ukimwi	
9	B. dawa za kulevya	2.
	C. ukosefu wa chakula	
_	D. wizi	
	Ni maelezo yapi sahihi?	
	A. Ugonjwa wa malaria huwakumba watoto pekee	
	B. Vijana wetu wametupilia mbali uovu wa ngono	3.
	C. Kifaduro ni uwele uwatishao watoto	J.
	D. Mengi ya maradhi yanadidimia	

4.	Kwa mujibu wa mwandishi <b>uhaba wa ajira</b> unaweza kuzuia matokeo yapi?	
	A. Uhalifu	
	B. Kuimarika kwa uchumi	4.
	C. Gharama ya maisha kupanda D. Hatujaelezwa	1
5		
u.	Kwa mujibu wa mwandishi saratani ya ngozi inasababishwa na A. Lishe bora	
	B. Mitaa ya mabanda	<u> </u>
		5.
	C. Uchafuzi wa mazingira	
6	D. Manukato yenye kemikali hatari	
U.	Je unadhani hali ya mambo inayoelezwa hupatikana wapi?	
	A. Nchi zilizoendelea	6.
	B. Ni vigumu kujua	U.
	C. Katika mataifa yote duniani	
7	D. Ulimwengu wa tatu	l ,
7.	Kulingana na kifungu, ni takriban kiasi kipi cha wakazi wa mjini	7.
	huishi katika mitaa ya mabanda?	/.
	A. Asilimia sabini C. Asilimia kubwa	
_	B. Ushuri tatu D. Sudusi	
8.	Ni bayana kuwa uharibifu wa mazingira utasababisha?	<u> </u>
	A. Kuzuka kwa maradhi kama vile ukimwi	8.
	B. Kuangamia kwa viumbe mbalimbali	
	C. Kuongezeka kwa viwanda	
	D. Kupunguka kwa kiwango kati ya wakwasi na walalahoi	
9.	Kulingana na taarifa uliyoisoma ni kipi kiini cha matatizo yote	^
	yaliyozungumziwa?	9.
	A. Ugumu wa maisha C. Matendo ya binadamu	
	B. Mazingira D. Umaskini	
10.	Ni sahihi kusema	
	A. Mwandishi ni mkwasi wa mali	40
	B. Tamaa ya mwandishi ya kushuhudia maisha bora imetamauka	10.
	C. Vijana wana fursa na satua ya kuboresha mambo	
	D. Binadamu hana uwezo wa kuyatatua matatizo yaliyozungumziwa	
	·	
	. 4	

# **KUANDIKA**

# Mtungo wa 1

# Wiki 2 Jumanne

# Soma taarifa hii kisha ujibu maswali

	1.7	hezo1	hupe	ndwa n	a <b>2</b> v	vengi	humu3	nim	ichezo wa s	oka
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	lina	apofungwa	a mpira	huanzi	shwa tena	kwer	ıye <b>9</b> .⁴			
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	1.	A. amba		B. an	nbayo	. C.	ambalo	D	. ambacho	r.
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		A. anga			niam	C.	nchini		barani	
	4.	A. ngozi			anga	$C_{a}$	geza		. hewa	
		A. kwen		B. mv	venye	C.	kwa		. katika	
	o. =	A. duara	a dufu _j			C.	mraba		mstatili	
	7.	A. kati	29			C.	istiwai		pembeni	
	8.		ia .		moja	C.	moja		mmoja	
	۶.	A lango	E .	B. ms	tari 🍸	C.	kitovu		goli	
	30.					141	1			
	Mus	sa alipoon	ia kuwa l	ile <b>1</b>	.011	ln	yuki <b>12</b> _	aliam	ua kulala	
		111 Was	msnam	oune u	soni. Aliele	ewa f	ka kuwa ali	ilanna on	ا بالنوم	
	5-		<b>4</b> asa	li waka	ti wa mcha	na. '	Mbona nika	awa mpu	ımbavu hiv	i?"
							97			
		A. bumb		B. ∕bui	nda			D.	genge	
				B. ya		C. 1	a	D	za	
	12.	A. wange	emvamia	B. zin	gemvamia	C. 1	ingeṃvamia	a D.	lingemla	
	14	A. Chan		B. kin	galingali	C. f	ofofo	D.	kifudifudi	
	15	A. Kucho	ovya	B. kur	ina	C. 1	ruengua.	D.	kuramba	
	10.	A. anajis	ema	B. aka	ijisemea	C. a	amejisemea		sema	
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ı	11.		12.		13.		14.	15.		į
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# Mtungo wa 2 Wiki 2 Jumatano

<u>Wiki 2 Jumatano</u> Soma taarifa hii kisha ujibu maswali							
	4	isa mastatt	4	E 99			
Nilipokuwa r siku njema. Kwa kawaida ilivyokuwa de hasa adhuhu kuniwanga n 1. A. alasii 2. A. ribori 3. A. usiku 4. A. chake 5. A. maab 6. A. mtaa 7. A. safu	nikiamka 1_Nilijitayarisha la nilipata 4_esturi yangu. Nari ilipowadia. Udipo nilijua kuvri B. jio ibo B. ko B. mala B. kisparani B. ng la B. uta B. ma	na mapema, no parabara kuuka kisha nikaele lilibukua 7 Jafiti ulinivutia wa nilikuwa nimi C. a chokocho C. rohana C. shuka C. kani C. rafiti C. ujarida C. n	kea5 kwa kea5 kufya vitabu bila a nikasahau kis nechoka. difajiri / D. mpitompito D. siku D. sijio D. maktabani D. abukuzi D.	aha2 ishara ya a ufanisi usiomithilika. anya6 kujali ubao niliouhisi huka. Shingo8 magharibi ghayaghaya wakati staftahi masomoni mtalaa matopa			
8. A. ilipoanza B. lilipoanza C. ulipoanza D. yalianza  Wavamizi walitarajia 9_ adinasi wengi baada ya 10_ kuingia kwenye hoteli. Usajili wa 11_ walilitumia haukuwa halali. 12_ kuwa waliingia mara kadhaa huku wakiondoka. Hii ilikuwa ni mbinu yao ya 13_ macho 14_ waliokuwa katika lango kuu. Hawakujua kuwa maafisa wa ulinzi walikuwa ange. Walingojewa na kuangamizwa wote. Kweli 15							
<ol> <li>A. kuwan</li> <li>A. kula r</li> <li>A. gari an</li> <li>A. Inaona</li> <li>A. kuwal</li> <li>A. kuwal</li> <li>A. maban</li> <li>A. Pwagu</li> </ol>	jama B. kup mbayo B. gar ekana B. Ime aza B. kuw waba B. war i hupata B. asi	awawa C. anga njawa C. i ambalo C. conekana C. vafumba C. napolisi C. yekujua C. uthamini	kuwawa kuweka njama magari ambazo Itasemekana kuwafumbua maaskari mla nawe hafi	D kuwanana			
1.	2	3.	4	5			
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.			
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.			
-		7					

# Mtungo wa 3

# Wiki 2 Alhamisi . Soma taarifa hii kisha ujibu maswali

Uko	osef	u wa <b>1</b> k	atik	ka nchi <b>2</b>	y	a Keny	a ume	ekuwa	a chanzo cha maovu
3 wa kadha. Ni'_4 shahiri kwamba tunao vijana wengi 5 na									
kupokea6 zao katika7 mbalimbali. Baada ya kupiga8 kwa									
miaka miwili au mitatu na9 patupu, hujiingiza katika maovu kama vile									
wizi	wizi wa kimabavu, utekajinyara magari, kupiga watu10 mitaani na								
mer	mengine mengi.								
				. 5				¥.	
	Uł	alifu wa aina l	niyo	husababishv	va r	a kuka	ata /	11	_kwa mwanadamu.
Tub	adi	li mtazamo	12_	wa kuajiri	wa 1	viwand	ani aı	u ofis	ini na kujiajiri wenyew
kwa	ıni i	tunayo elimu y	a kı	utosha <b>13</b>		miradi	i va kı	utupa	itia mapato na kutia
bidi	i za	mchwa ajenga	ye I	kiduta chake	kwa	a mate.	. Tuw	re na	hakika na matumaini
kwa	mb	a sisi <b>14</b>	wa	jenzi wa taifa	leta	a <b>1</b> 5	S V	vabon	noaji wa taifa lili hili
tuis	hin	10. Kumbuka, 1	mja	hujitafutia re	her	na akiv	wa ha	i dun	iani.
			1.5						
1.	A.	ujira	В.	ajira	C.	ajiri		D.	ajizi
2.	A.	yetu	В.	zetu		letu			wetu
3.	A.	kathaa	B.	kadha	C.	mingi			kadhaa
4.	A.	dahari	B.	dahiri		dhahi			thahiri
5.	A.	waliwohitimu	B.	waliyohitimu					waliohitimu
6.				sheha		shaha			shada
7.	A.	vitivo	B.	vituo		vipigo			vyuo
8.	A.	miundu	B.	milundi		kams			muundi
9.	A.	kuambulia	B.	kuangulia	C.	kutup	oilia		kupalilia
10.	A.	ngeta		kapari		kabar			kambare
11.	A.	matumbo	B.	maini	C.	bei.		D.	tamaa
12.	A.	yetu	В.	wetu .	C.	letu			zetu
13.	A.	Tuasisi	В.	Tuazizi	C.	Tuasa	ısi	D.	Tuwasisi
14.	A.	ndimi	В.	ndiye	C.	ndisi	51		ndiwe
15.	A.	vile	B.	hau	C.	au .		D.	aidha
									8 × 3
1.		2	50.0000	3.		4			5

1.	2	3.	4	5
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

PARENT/GILADDIAN COM

## Mtungo wa 4 Wiki 2 Ijumaa

### Wiki 2 Ijumaa Soma taarifa hii kisha ujibu maswali

muda wa m Haileweki ka	ama nadhiri zin  a8 bali tu  gi	hivi kabla ya kinekuwa kama _ ingi	mengi D. mengi D. mengi D. masaha D. masita D. masita D. madhifu D. wao D. hati D. visogo D. hangazwa na a_14 zilizoe 15 mbayo D. liyofika D. ngo D. wao D.	li2 yasiyokuwa na viongozi wa kidini kwa zao mbele ya Maulana. da ikawa mahaba  . nyingi mingi mashauri nane hadhari uroho yao thati nyayo 12 marefu mno. ezekwa kwa nyasi.  ambazo aliyefika majumba mwao
<b>15.</b> A. reli	B. bar			mzungu rodi
1.	2	3.	4	5
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	.13.	14.	15.

	SARUFI	
	Wiki 3 Jumatatu	
1.		
	(i) Jogoo - Jimbi	1.
	(ii) Ng'ombe – Fahali	
	(iii) Koo – mtetea	
	(iv) Kipora - tembe	
	A. (i) C. (iii)	
	B. (ii) D. (iv)	
2.		
	Sentensi hii ina maana gani?	2,
	A. Tulinyeshewa kwa kukimbia	
	B. Hatujanyeshewa ingawa tulikimbia	
	C. Tulikimbia ndiposa hatukunyeshewa	
	D. Hatukukimbia na tulinyeshewa	
3.	Chagua wingi na ukubwa wa:-	
	Ua wenye mdudu	3.
	A. Maua yenye majidudu	J.
	B. Majiua yenye madudu	
	C. Kijua chenye kidudu	
	D. Majijua yenye majidudu	
4.	Ni sentensi ipi yenye kiambishi "ki" cha udogo	4.
	A. Ukienda utampata daktari	Ţ
	B. Usikiangushe chuma hicho	
	C. Tulimkuta akipepeta nafaka	
	D. Kijito hiki kimekaukiwa na maji	-
5.	Neno "kiwete: liko katika ngeli gani?	
	A. KI - VI	5.
	B. A - WA D. U - ZI	
6.	Kundi lipi lenya Nomino za wingi pekee	
	A. Nywele, mkebe, marashi, wino	6.
	B. Unga, maji, mate, peremende	U
	C. Mafuta, manukato, maji, matoke	
	D. Dawa, ziwa, bahari, bilauri	7.
7.	Upi ni ufupisho wa "mwana wetu."	
	A. Mwanaetu C. Mwanayetu	
_	B. Mwanawetu D. Mwanawetu	8.
8.	Nomino kutokana na kitenzi "abudu" ni	
	A. Ibada C. Toba	
	B. Misa D. wokovu	

#### Wiki 3 Jumanne 13. Shamba La mkulima ni kubwa 13. Neno lililopigiwa kistari ni A. Kimilikishi C. Kiunganishi B. Kiunganifu "a" D. Kiwakilishi 14. Ni maneno gani ambayo ni vielezi vya mahali A. Upesi, kivivu, ovyo B. Jumatano, saa sita, mwaka huu 14. C. Mzuri, mwerevu, mkubwa D. Sokoni, shuleni, nyumbani 15. Andika sentensi hii bila "amba" Pesa ambazo zilipotea ni zake A. Pesa zilizopotea ni zake 15. B. Pesa zitakazopotea ni zake C. Pesa zilipotea ni zake D. Pesa zimepotea ni zake

1	6. Tumia kiunganifu kifasaka k	Sta
	6. Tumia kiunganifu kifaacho kujaza mapengo.	
	mtoto wangu ni mkorofi hakustahili kukatwa	
	A. Ingawa	
	B. Mpaka	14
7 /	7. Tulion de 17:	16.
	7. Tulienda Uingerezababa na mama.	
5.	C madhali	
1 0	B. sambuse D. minghairi ya	17.
	. Tuma kiunzi kiiaacho;-	
	Mikate ililiwa karamuni?	
	A. gapi	
10	B. mangapi D. gapi	18.
13	· Ni panalihapana daraja?	ļ
	A. wapı	
00	B. zipi	150
LU	· Andrea Rwa udogo	19.
	Mtu Yule ni mgonjwa	
	A. Kamtu kale ni kagonjwa	20.
	B. Kijitu kile ni kigonjwa	20.
	C. Jitu lile ni gonjwa	
03	D. Kijitu yule ni kigonjwa	
41.	Mbega ni wanyama	
	A. wamaridadi C. wanadhifu	21.
20	B. mandadi	21.
22.	Tumia kihusishi kifaacho	
	! Utakuja kwangu lini?	22.
	A. Ahaa C. Oyee	
•	B Aigea	
23.	luraha huliwa baada ya mlo	22
	A. noiye	23.
0.4	B. ndio	
24.	Nyinyimmejitahidi kuzuja mmomonyelya	
	C. nave	24.
en um	D. nawe	fo T,
25.	deuza neno "soma" katika kauli va kutendala ii 1 1	
	lawaya zonye maanusmi pora hii	{
	Cample	25.
	B. somewa  D. someshwa	
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#### MSAMIATI

	Wiki 3 Jumatano	
1	Chankiwiti ni rangi gani?	
	A. Kijani kibichi	
	B. Kijani hafifu  C. Kijani liliyokolea	1.
2	D. Rangi ya ardhi Mvua kuacha kunyesha ni	
	A. Kukoma	
	D. V.	
3	moto wa dada yangu nitamwifa?	2.
	A. Mpwa wangu	
	B. Kiningina change	1
4.	D. Kilembwa wangu  Ni sentensi gani haitoi maana ya neno "chupa"	3.
	A. Kuka kutoka juu hadi chini	
	B. Fuko la uzazi kinamokaa kijusi	<u> </u>
	C. Hali ya nguo kuwa fupi	4.
-	D. Zumbua suluhu ya tatizo	
5.	Tambua maumbo haya	
	A. Mstari sulubu, pembe tatu, kopa	5.
	B. Mstari nyoofu, pembe kali, shupaza	
	C. Mistari sambamba, pembe kali, kopa	
6.	D. Mistari sambamba, pembe kali, shupaza	
٠.	Hamali hufanya nini?	
	A. Hubeba mizigo kwa malipo	
	B. Huuza vitu rejareja	6.
	C. Huongoza nyimbo katika kwaya	<b>  </b>
7.	D. Huwatahiri vijana	
	Ni jibu lipi lisilo na maana ya "kata"	
	A. Chombo cha kupakulia mzigo begani B. Eneo la utawala	7.
	C. Ondoa sehemu ya kitu D. Kutokubali jambo	
8.	Nchi va Ethiopia Irra Viscola VI	
	Nchi ya Ethiopia kwa Kiswahili huitwaA. Ureno	
	B. Misri	8.
	D. Uhabeshi	

Thorough		e e	Std
9. Ipi ni	i nambari shufwa?		1
A. 9		C. 7	
B. 8		D. 5	9.
	W	iki 3 Alhamisi	
in Mwar	na wa punda huitwa?		
A. Kil	hongwe	C. Kivinimbi	10.
	nengwe	D. Kisuse	10.
		Victoria na Turkana ni mifano ya	1.00
A. Ma	ıziwa		
B. Mil	to	C. Visiwa D. Milima	11.
12. Jina a	inalopewa mtu vevote ali:	yekamatwa na polisi na kuwasilishwa	
mahal	kamani	yekamatwa na polisi na kuwasilishwa	]
A. Jar		G 181-113	<b>  </b>
	uhumiwa .	C. Mhalifu	12.
13.		D. Jangili	
kweno	la nyumbani badala wa la	nayowekewa mshukiwa ili aruhusiwe	TEST
A Dh	la nyumbani badala ya k amana		
B. Hor		C. Thamana	13.
	a kwa tarakimu	D. Faini	
Milioni	kwa tarakimu	4.0	
1/2111O711	i hamsini na sita, mia sita	a elfu, mia tisa na nane	
A. 39,	800.008	C. 59,900,608	14.
	600,908	D. 56,900,908	
15. Andika	a akisami zifuatazo kwa r	nambari	
	twa kumi na mbili		
A. $\frac{4}{12}$		C. $\frac{8}{12}$	15.
B 12/		0	
B. $\frac{12}{4}$	8 9	D. 12/8	
16. Tusui s	sita	,	
A. $\frac{6}{7}$		C 6/	
* 1		C. 6/8	16.
В. %	i stre	D. %	
17. Dohani	ini laku	itolea moshi jikoni.	
A. bam	ıba		
B. bom		C. bombo	17.
	ne cha kuteleka chungu i	D. bamboo	
A. kuin	iika		
B. kuer		C. kubandika	18.
		D. kuibua	
A. mha	venye maarifa na ujuzi w		
B. mah		C. mhazigi	19.
D. mall	onaniu	D. mhaini	

C. Reki

D. Parafujo

C. Kusini

D. Kusini mashiriki

18.

19.

29. Msumari wenye hesi huitwa _____

A. Kaskazini mashariki

B. Kaskazini magaribi

30. Sehemu iliyopo katikati ya mashariki na kusini huitwaje?

A. Paradiso

B. Mabati

V. 1

## KUANDIKA INSHA A

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#### WEAK POINTS ANALYSIS TABLE

#### Attention

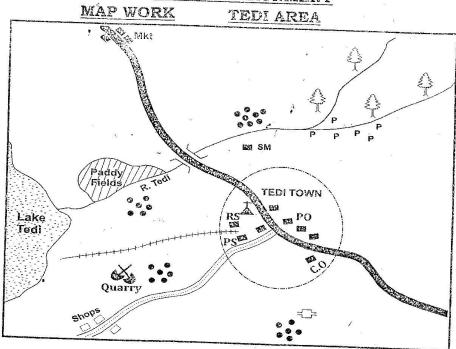
topics in the syllabus of all classes are addressed with at least twenty questions. In case you fail seven or more than seven questions in every part try to refer back to the topic. The table will help you know the topic and sub topic you need thorough revision. Wish you the best.

-	
No	10
140	20

Topic	Performance	Teacher's Remarks
Kusikiliza na kuzungumza	Maswali 1-25 25	
Kusoma 30	Hadithi 1 1-10 = Hadithi 2 1-10 = Hadithi 3 1-10 =	
Kuandika 60	Kifungu A 1- 15 = Kifungu B 1- 15 = Kifungu C 1- 15 = Kifungu D 1- 15 =	
Sarufi 25	Maswali 1-25	
Msamiati	7. 1-30 30	
Insha A Insha B	Atama 40	-

# SOCIAL STUDIES

UNIT 1: THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT



Scale	0 L	1	2 1	3 	4 	5	6 	7 	8	9	10	11	12	13Km

°°°° Settlement	1	River	Forest	- Cattle dip
Built up areas	SM	Saw mill	Church	P Pyrethrum
Tarmac road	PS	Police station .	RS Railway station	PO Post office
Murram road	Mkt	Market	Railway line	CO County office

Thora	ugh	Std 7
	Week one Monday	
Jtu	dy the map of Tedi Area and answer questions 1-7	
	The lowest part of Tedi area is likely to be around	
	A. The forests	1.
	B. The source of R.Tedi	
	C. The Paddy Fields	
	D. The quarry	
2.	What is the general direction of the quarry from the sawmill?	2.
	A. North West C. South East	
	B. South West : D. North East	
3.	Which crop is likely to be grown in the irrigated area?	-
	A. Pyrethrum C. Sugarcane	3.
	B. Rice D. Cotton	
4.	The settlement pattern in Tedi area can be described as	
	A. Clustered C. Dense	4.
	B. Linear D. Sparse	
5,	The type of soil most likely to be found to the west of Tedi area is?	
	A. Clay C. Sandy	
	B. Volcanic D. Loamy	5.
б.	The railway line is used to transport	
	A. Minerals and fish	
	B. Pyrethrum and tourists	6.
	C. Minerals and passengers	
	D. Timber and minerals	
7.	The social service most likely to be missing in the area is likely to	
	be?	7.
	A. Religious services	-
	B. Health services	
	C. Security services	
	D. Communication services	8.
8.	River Tedi rises from	
	A. North East C. South East	
	B. North West D. South West	ļ
9.	The climate of the North East of Tedi area is likely to be	9.
	A. Cool and dry  C. Hot and wet	
	B. Cool and wet D. Hot and dry	1
10	Tedi area is likely to be a	1
	A. County C. Location	10:
	B. Sub-county D. Division	

## UNIT 1: THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

## Week one Tuesday

1.	is the largest	t continent in the w	orld.
2.	Africa covers an area of about	km	12
3.	Africa lies between longitude	and	and
	latitude and	,	
4.	Africa is separated from Europe by	*	E-7 1
5.	The most easterly point of Africa is	*	
a	while the most westerly is	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	N) N
6.	divides Af		o equal parts.
7.	is the	major line of latitu	ide that crosses
	Africa to the North		
8.	Cape Lopez is found in		
9.	Walvis bay is found in		
10.	Land that is almost surrounded by wat		•
		(4)	
Th	e Countries of Africa	4	
	Africa is made up of	in donon d	
	/ "		ent countries
12.	Name two Island countries in the Atlan		
	(i)		
	(ii)		, e a
	The smallest country in Africa is		The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s
14.	Name two land locked countries in Cer	itral Africa	
	(i)	R	v.
	(ii)		
15.	Name two colonial powers that were in	volved in drafting n	nost of the
	political boundaries in Africa.		
	(i)		
	(ii)		9

### Week one Wednesday

1.	are imaginary lines on a map that are parallel to each other.
2.	The Greenwich Meridian passes through the town of in
	Ghana
<b>3.</b> ,	The earth has a total of lines of longitude.
4.	Name the countries that are crossed by the topic of Capricorn in Africa.
5.	The important line of longitude at 66½°N is called
6.	The local time in Conakry, 150W is 11.45 pm. What time is it in
	Alexandria 30°E
7.	The time at town F 15 ° E is 9.00am what will be the time at town S 15°
	W?
8.	Time at town Z 20°E is 8.00 pm. What will be the time at town X 20°W?
	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	**************************************
Ro	tation and Revolution of the earth
9.	The earth rotates on its axis from to in
	an anticlockwise directly
10.	It takes hours to make a complete rotation
	Give three effects of the rotation of the earth
	(i)
	(ii)
	(iii)
12.	Give three effects of the revolution of the earth
	(i)
	(ii)
	(iii)
13.	To complete a rotation the earth makes a full circle of
	degrees.
14.	The axis of the earth is tilted at angle of degrees.

# Physical features

# Week one Thursday Name the four relief regions of Africa

•	Name the four rener regions of Africa
	(ii)
	(ii) (iv)
	Mountains that are found at the edge of the Rift Valley are called
	Name three lakes found on the floor of the Rift Valley in Tanzania
	(i) (iii)
	(ii)
	Where are the following mountains found?
	(a) Tibesti:
	(b) Ahaggar:
	(c) Atlas:
	(d) Danakil / Alps:
	A lake in Kenya that is both an ox-bow lake and a swampy lake is _
	are depression filled with water in the desert
	Look at the diagram below
	Name three lakes that were formed through this process in Africa
	(i) (iii)
	(ii)
	Which feature is formed at the mouth of river Senegal, Gambia and
	Orange?
	Name a salt water lake in these countries
	(a) Chad:
	(b) Tanzania:

Thorough	Std 7
10. The popular Victoria Falls are found on River	0
Climate	

	Climate
	, Week one Friday
1.	List four factors that have influenced climate in Africa.
	(ii)
	(ii) (iv)
2.	The hot and dry winds that blow across the Sahara desert are called
3.	are the winds that bring winter conditions
	in the Mediterranean region
4.	The current discourages the formation of rainfall in Namibia.
5.	The movement of cool air from sea to land is called
Cl	imatic regions
б.	The following is a description of a certain type of climate in Africa
	(i) The region experiences hot and wet season and cool and dry season
	(ii) High humidity is experienced during the hot and wet season
	(iii) Rainfall received is between 750mm -150mm
	(iv) It lies between 5 and 15 North and South of the equator
	The region described above is
7,	The largest deserts to the South of the equator are and
	and
3.	Name three countries in Africa that experience Mediterranean climate
	(i) (iii)
	(ii)
€.	Look at the following description
	(i) Temperatures are fairly low
	(ii) Temperatures ranges between 10°C - 18°C
	(iii) It is experienced in the high veld in South Africa
	These conditions are experienced in climate
0 4 0	195397011

2.	Which of the fellowing to the	<b>-</b>
Æ4 i	Which of the following towns is likely to experience this type of rainfall?	<u> </u>
	A A J J . A J . J	2.
	A. Addis Ababa C. Tripoli	
3.	B. Cape town D. Lagos	
٥,	Use the diagram to answer question 3	·
		3.
•	V 1979	
	The diagram above shows	
	A. Relief rainfall C. Sea breeze	
	B. Convectional rainfall D. Land breeze	A
٣.	Which lake is the odd one out?	4.
	A. Utange C. Tana	
v	B. Kivu D. Itasy	
5.	The <b>main</b> effect of the current shown in number (3) above is	
	A. It causes high and low tides	
	B. It causes a cooling effect on sea	
	C. It causes convectional rainfall	5.
	D. It causes foggy conditions	<u> </u>
6.	In which months is the sun overhead the equator?	
	A. June and December	
	B. September and March	
	C. June and March	6.
	D. September and December	
7.	What is the time in Accra when the time in Embu longitude 45°E is	
	2pm?	_
	A. 11.45 pm C. 4.15 pm	7.
14	B. 11.00 pm D. 11.00 Am	
8.	The vegetation in the Nyika region consists of	
	A. Scrub and short grass	
	B. Tall trees and climbing plants	8.
	C. Continuous cover of elephant grass	
	D. Thick equatorial forests	
	A	
	a v	- [

#### The people of South Africa

4. The Lozi, luba and Lunda are found in ___

The Bakonga and Balunda are found in ___

წ.	Name to	wo countries	found in	South	nern	Africa		
	(i)			ŧ	(ii)	•	R	

	Thorough
	7. The earliest inhabitants of South Africa were the and
	The Orambo, Herero and Griqua are Bantu speakers in  The Boers of South Africa speak a larger
	The Boers of South Africa speak a language called  The Asians migrated into South Africa 6.
	10. The Asians migrated into South Africa from
	The people of West Africa
	Week two West
1	is the main language
2	1 - Or the long language
	(a) The Mande Speakers
	(i)
	(ii)
	(iii)
	(b) The Afro- Asiatic Speakers:
	(i)
	(ii)
	(iii)
3.	the Songhai, Kanuri and Berer are services.
4.	The Songhai, Kanuri and Berer are examples ofspeakers.
	The speakers.  are a mixture of African and Europeans  found in West Africa.
5.	The Mossi, Bergu and Free ore and
	The Mossi, Bergu and Ewe are examples of speakers.
6.	The people of North Africa The main language group in North Ass.
<b>7</b> .	The main language group in North Africa is
	found in Algeria
9,	The Beduins are a nomadic community in
	The original homeland of the Semites was

#### The people of Eastern Africa

### Week two Thursday

1.	The Batoro, Banyankole and Bagisu are Bantu speakers found in		
2.	The Karamajong, Teso and Jie are plain Nilotes in		
3.	The Cushites migrated into Eastern Africa mainly in search of		
4.	The Semites found in Ethiopia speak a language called		
5.	andare main communities in		
	Rwanda and Burundi		
Int	eraction among communities in Africa		
6.	Communities in the past mainly interacted through		
7.	Name two activities related to the youth that make them interact		
	(i)		
	(ii)		
8.	Trade between people of North Africa and West Africa that involved		
	crossing the Sahara desert was called		
9.	Give three benefits of trade between communities in Africa		
	(i)		
	(i)		
	(iii)		
10.	Today African countries interact through regional bodies. Name two		
	economic bodies.		
	(i)		
	(ii)		
	Population distribution in Africa		
	Week two Friday		
1.	The two main elements of climate that affect population distribution in		
	Africa areand		
2.	Give three reasons why towns such as Lagos and Cairo are densely populated		

	(ii)			
	(iii)		2	
3.	Population distribution in the Uj		A.C.:	
	influenced by	jamaa villages in So	outh Africa wa	4
А	influenced by		1	
4.	The swamp in	n Botswana and the		
	swamp in South Sudan are spar	sely populated beca	ause of mosqu	Table w
	and bilharzia.		1	
5.	The Fulani occupy the mountain	regions in the Face	to Dioll- C	
	in th	riegione in the Lon	ua Djallon for i	ear of
6				
6,	The wit waters rand region in So	uth Africa is densel	y populated be	2C74035
	of	· ·		
7.	Angola and Botswana are		populate	d
			1 - In accept	
	MIN TIDI P CH		e 1)	
		OICE OHESTIONS		
		OICE QUESTIONS		
1.	Week Th	ree Monday		
1.	Week The The original homeland of the Bar	ree Monday	is believed to	
1.	The original homeland of the Bar have been	ree Monday	is believed to	
1,	The original homeland of the Bar have beenA. Southern highlands	ree Monday	is believed to	1
1.	The original homeland of the Bar have beenA. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands	ree Monday	is believed to	1.
	Week The The original homeland of the Bar have been  A. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands	<b>ree Monday</b> ntu speaking people		1
1.	Week The The original homeland of the Bar have been  A. Southern highlands  B. Ethiopian highlands  C. East African highlands  D. Cameroon highlands  Which one is not a Bantu speaking	<b>ree Monday</b> ntu speaking people		1.
	The original homeland of the Bar have been  A. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands Which one is <i>not</i> a Bantu speaking. A. Wazaramo	<b>ree Monday</b> ntu speaking people ng community in Ke C. Wataita	enya?	1.
≩.	Week The The original homeland of the Bar have been  A. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands Which one is not a Bantu speaking. A. Wazaramo B. Wakamba	ree Monday ntu speaking people ng community in Ke C. Wataita	enya?	0.00
	Week The The original homeland of the Bar have been  A. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands Which one is not a Bantu speaking. A. Wazaramo B. Wakamba Below are plain Nilotes in South States.	ree Monday ntu speaking people ng community in Ke C. Wataita D. Wapoko Sudan except?	enya?	0.00
≩.	Week The The original homeland of the Bar have been	ree Monday  ntu speaking people  ng community in Ke  C. Wataita  D. Wapoko  Sudan except?  C. Jie	enya?	0.00
2. 3.	Week The The original homeland of the Bar have been	ntu speaking people  ng community in Ke  C. Wataita  D. Wapoko  Sudan except?  C. Jie  D. Azande	enya? omo	0.00
≩.	The original homeland of the Barhave beenA. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands Which one is not a Bantu speaking A. Wazaramo B. Wakamba Below are plain Nilotes in South San Toposa B. Kuman The Nilotic community that follow	ntu speaking people  ng community in Ke  C. Wataita  D. Wapoko  Sudan except?  C. Jie  D. Azande	enya? omo	0.00
2. 3.	Week The The original homeland of the Bar have been A. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands Which one is not a Bantu speaking A. Wazaramo B. Wakamba Below are plain Nilotes in South Sa. Toposa B. Kuman The Nilotic community that followare the?	ntu speaking people  ng community in Ke C. Wataita D. Wapoko Sudan except? C. Jie D. Azande  ved River Nile from S	enya? omo South Sudan	0.00
2. 3.	Week The The original homeland of the Barkhave been A. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands Which one is not a Bantu speaking A. Wazaramo B. Wakamba Below are plain Nilotes in South S. A. Toposa B. Kuman The Nilotic community that follow are the? A. Plain Nilotes	ntu speaking people  ng community in Ke C. Wataita D. Wapoko Sudan except? C. Jie D. Azande  ved River Nile from S	enya? omo South Sudan d Nilotes	0.00
2. 3.	Week The The original homeland of the Barkhave been A. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands Which one is not a Bantu speaking A. Wazaramo B. Wakamba Below are plain Nilotes in South St. A. Toposa B. Kuman The Nilotic community that follow are the? A. Plain Nilotes B. River Lake Nilotes	ntu speaking people  ng community in Ke C. Wataita D. Wapoko Sudan except? C. Jie D. Azande  ved River Nile from S	enya? omo South Sudan d Nilotes	0.00
). }.	Week The The original homeland of the Barkhave been A. Southern highlands B. Ethiopian highlands C. East African highlands D. Cameroon highlands Which one is not a Bantu speaking A. Wazaramo B. Wakamba Below are plain Nilotes in South S. A. Toposa B. Kuman The Nilotic community that follow are the? A. Plain Nilotes	ntu speaking people  ng community in Ke C. Wataita D. Wapoko Sudan except? C. Jie D. Azande  ved River Nile from S	enya? omo South Sudan d Nilotes	0.00
). }.	Week The The original homeland of the Bark have been	ntu speaking people  ng community in Ke C. Wataita D. Wapoko Sudan except? C. Jie D. Azande  ved River Nile from S	enya? omo South Sudan d Nilotes	0.00

Thoro	ugh		Std 7
6.	The Kwa language group is found in		
	A. West Africa	C. Central Africa	6.
	B. South Africa	D. North Africa	J.
. 7.	During the pre - colonial period the ma	in economic activity of the	
	Khoikhoi was	-	<b>-</b>
	A. Crop cultivation	C. Blacksmithing	7.
	B. Pastoralism	D. Fishing	
8.	Which of the areas below does not have	e high population density?	
	A. Lake Victoria basin in Kenya	C. Morocco and Algeria	8.
	B. The Nile Valley	D. Rwanda and Burundi	<u> </u>
9.	Fill the blank box below		
ſ	Samburu Turkana Ma	asai -	
Ļ	Savida Turkara S		9.
	A. Tugen	C. Nandi	
	B. Kipsigis	D. Iteso	1
10.	Which one of the following is <b>not</b> a Rive		
	Budan?	ar Zazza i i zazza Sa a zap m	10.
	A. Labwor	C. Dinka	
	B. Nuer	D. Shilluk	ĺ
11.	Which is the <b>odd</b> one out?	D. Sillian	
	A. Yao	C. Tswana	11.
	B. Zulu	D. Swazi	
12.	Which of the following factors led to the		
	South Sudan?		40
`	A. Search for trade goods	C. Lack of water	12.
	3. Search for pasture	D. Religious differences	
13.	Which statement is true about the Kale	~	
	Africa?	o.,	
	A. Today they mainly practice pastorali	šm	
	B. Their dispersal point was Mt. Elgon		13.
	C. They migrated into Kenya from Ethic	opia • ·	
	D. Their dispersal point was around La	-	
14.	Population distribution in Africa would	not be influenced by	
	A. Communication facilities	C. Drainage	14.
	B. Mining activities	D. Government policy	17.
15.	Why the Congo basin is sparsely popu		
	A. Dangerous wild animals	, C. Excess rainfall	ļ
ì	B. Thick equatorial rain forest	D. Lack of roads	15.

## UNIT 3:

# SOCIAL RELATIONS AND CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

### The family

	The family is a group of people who are related by
	A family is the smallest social unit in the
	Marriage is
	People in Kenya are allowed by law to marry when they are
	years and above.
	How many types of marriages are recognized in Kenya?
	is a marriage that is conducted
	according to African traditions
	In a civil marriage, a notice of at least weeks is give
	Give two examples of people who can preside over a civil marriage
	(i)
-	(ii)
	In a civil marriage,is issued to t
	couple after the wedding
	The practice of marrying only one wife is referred to as
	A Hindu marriage is conducted in a
	Which religious marriage allows polygamy?

#### <u>The School</u>

### Week Three Wednesday

1.	Name members o	of the school administration
	(i)	•
	(ii)	

1116	n ough	Std 7			
2.	The principal assistant to the head teacher is				
3	All new pupils in a school are usually admitted by				
4.	The School Management committee is headed by the				
5.					
6.					
teachers.					
7.	is the executive officer of the school				
	management committee				
8.					
٠.	The main duty of the head teacher in the school management comm	ittee			
_	is				
9.	The head of the school administration is				
10	The most senior administration among the school governors is the				
	school				
11.	Who receives funds on behalf of the school?				
12.	is the secretary during Staff meeting and ta	-			
	minutes during the meeting	ikes			
13.					
	supervises lesson attendance by teachers in a school				
14					
T A. P	The chairperson of the school management committee is elected by				
200	members				
15.	Public schools are built and managed by the				
	3				
	MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS				
	Week Three Thursday				
1.	Which statement is <i>incorrect</i> about pupils in a school?				
	A. They should respect each other				
	B. They should obey school rules	1.			
	C. They should report good and bad things to the class teacher	<u> </u>			
	D. They should be in-charge of discipline in the achoe!				
2.	The following are roles played by the school management committee				
e e	xcept:				
1997	A. Raising money to develop the school	2.			
<del> </del>	B. Helping pupils to cover the syllabus				

~

B. Members of the community are not allowed to work in the school

in the community

10.

- C. The school community participates in communal activities such as tree planting
- D. Schools help in the preservation of the community's culture

#### UNIT 4:

## RESOURCES AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Week Three Friday 1. Name four resources in Africa (iii) Name three economic activities carried out in Africa (iii) _____. is the main economic activity of most people in Africa. 4. Pyrethrum in Kenya is mainly grown for _____ Which is the main economic activity of the people living in the semi-arid 6. Name the leading countries in Africa producing the crops below (a) Cocoa: (b) Cloves: (c) Pyrethrum:____ 7. The main cocoa growing area in Ghana is called _____ Give three uses of cloves (ii) . ____

	S.		15	
		₹.		
Т	norough	<b>↔</b>	51.1 <del>5</del>	
9	Cloves were introduced by	. 3900	Std 7	18
		in Eastern Afri	ca.	
	0. Pyrethrum is used in making			
		`*		n n
<u>IV</u>	ULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS			
1	are to test a cocoa producing cou	intry in Africa?		Ī
	A. Togo	C. Sierra Leone	1	ĺ
_	B. Cameroon	D. Burkina Faso		
2	are requirements necessary for th	e growth of a crop in Africa	a.	
	19 Amuae - 1800-3000mm	<b>?</b>		
	(ii) Rainfall - 1000-1500mm (iii) Soils - Volcanic soils	*, * ** .		a
1	(iv) Temperature - Cool	9		
9	The crop described above is likely to be	9		
	A. Pyrethrum	C. Tea	2.	
	B. Coffee	D. Bananas		
3.	Look at the descriptions of a certain crop	grown in Africa below	1070	
*	(l) Requires plenty of rainfall between 1.	500-2000mm		
	(ii) High temperature between 27°c-30°c		3.	
	(iii) High humidity throughout the year (iv) Low altitude about 600m	8 u		
	The crop is likely to be			
	A. Rubber	C. Pyrethrum		
	B. Cloves	D. Cotton		
4.	Below is a description of a certain crop			
	(i) Does well in hot and wet climate		4.	
	(ii) The seedlings are intercropped with b	ananas		
	(iii) It is used in flavouring cakes			8
	(iv) It is used to make oils and lotions  The crop is			
	A. Coffee	C. Coconut		
	B. Cashewnuts	D. Cocoa		
5.	Which statement is <i>incorrect</i> about clove	es growing in Tanzania?		
	A. Cloves are grown in the spice Island			
	B. Zanzibar produces more cloves than Po	emba	5.	
	C. Cloves are used to make mouth wash			
	D. Cloves earn Tanzania foreign exchange	A STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STA	-	
	r , *		.	14

# C.R.E

# UNIT 1: GOD GIVEN TALENTS AND ABILIITES Week one Monday

1.	In Traditional African Society there were people who were specialized in
	certain occupations. Name them
	(i)
	(ii) <u> </u>
	(iii)
2.	In African Traditional Society told the community
	about the future.
3.	In the Old Testament, David was talented in playing the
4.	of was the father of David and they lived in the town
5.	David played music in the palace of King
6.	The power of the mind of a person to perform a given task better than
	other people is referred to as
7.	God gave Bezalel power for planning skillful designs using,
	and
8.	Bezalel came from the tribe of
9.	Oholiab was the son of
10.	
	<b>.</b>
	Week one Tuesday
11.	The gifts of the Holy Spirit are recorded in the book of
	The ability to tell the difference between gifts that come from the spirit and
	those that do not is called
13.	God had given King Solomon the Spiritual gift of

11	norough	Std 7
1	4. State two reasons Moses gave to God for not wanting to go to Egypt and	
	rescue the children of Israel.	i
	15	8
		n .
1:		
	5. In the Old Testament there was a Syrian Commander called	
71.2	who suffered from leprosy.	
7.0	6 was used by God to speak to Pharaoh on behalf of Moses.	
1	. The word "Messiah" means	
18	and assisted Apollos to understand prop	
	, the Gospel	erty
19	2. List three values acquired through education	
	(i)	
	(ii)	
	(iii)	
20		
	Naaman was told to dip himself times in R. Jordan so that	t
0.1	he could be healed.	
21	The eldest brother of David was	
22.	. Lydia in the New Testament was talented in	a
	Week one Wednesday	
23.	which one of the following is the <b>best</b> way of showing about	
	- Sang what your parents tell you to do	
		3.
	C. Doing what God commands you to do D. Doing what the government commands you to do	
24.	Kioko comes from a very poor family. One day he found two	
	thousand shillings on his way to school. As a Christian what should	4.
	Kioko do?	
	A. Share the money with the elderly	6
	B. Give the money to church	
	C. Look for the owner of the money	
25	D. Give the money to her parents	·
<b>4</b> 0.	Sabina has discovered her friend Grace is HIV positive. As a	
	official Sabila Should	
	A. Stop being Grace's friend	

		5td 7
	B. Tell her classmates about Grace	
	C. Help Grace in all ways possible	
	D. Report Grace to the church pastor	
26.	One of the following is <b>not</b> a special gift from God. Which one?	
12	A. Making pots C. Playing football	26.
	B. Swimming D. Thatching house	
27.	Which one was a special skill in Traditional African Community?	
	A. Dressmaking C. Milking	27.
	B. Pottery D. Brewing	ļ
28.	King David had a gift of	100
	• • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	28.
	A. Eloquent speaker  B. Building  C. Saving  D. Playing a tambourine	
29.	Spiritual gifts are given to human beings by	1
	A. Parents C. God	<del> </del>
	B. Friends D. Angels	29.
30.	A Christian should participate in all the activities shown below	-
	except?	
	A. Weeding the school flower garden	<u> </u>
	B. Reading a story book	30.
	C. Engaging in sports	
	D. Fighting	
31.	Which one is <b>not</b> a talent shown by pupils in a school today?	
	A. Dribbling a ball  C. Reading books	
	B. Playing a piano  D. Blacksmithing	31.
32.	Christians are given special gifts in order to	J
	A. Praise and serve others	
	B. Earn a living	
	C. Serve the community	
	D. Fight corruption in the society	32.
33.	According to the parable of the Three Servants, which one of the	
	following is the <b>best</b> reason why the third servant was punished?	
	A. He abused his master	
	B. He was lazy	
	C. He was not creative	33,
	D. He was not honest	33.
34.	David is good at English, Emily is good at Math's, Rose is good at	
	CRE. They have homework in the three subjects. Which is the <b>best</b>	
	way of doing the homework?	
	A. Work together in all the three subjects	26
	B. Work individually	34.
	C. Work together in CRE and Mathematics only	
2	ADENTIQUANDIAN GLODATURE	

C. Jeremiah

D. Elisha

43.

A. Isaiah

B. Elisha

What are Christian values ___

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4.	In the sermon of the Mount will be called children of God
5.	belongs to those who are persecuted because of
	righteousness
6.	How many beatitudes did Jesus give to His disciples?
7.	When we try to decide whether something is good or bad we call that
	(justice, judgment)
8.	In the Sermon on the Mount Jesus urges Christians to love their
	and pray for those who them.
9.	Jesus is referred to as the prince of
10,	is the satisfaction in what we do and have achieved.
11.	A prayer for other people's needs is called
12.	When we praise God for His greatness, we call it a prayer of
	Week Two Tuesday
13.	When we, thank God for His gifts to us, it is a prayer of
14.	There are acts that Christians perform to strengthen their faith. Refraining
	from eating food for a certain period is called
15.	The good qualities of our Christian living that were taught by Jesus on the
¥	sermon on the Mount are called
16.	The Christian values from the sermon on the mount are recorded in the
	book of
17.	Jesus taught that in order to end the disagreement, Christians should
	and starts a good relationship.
18.	Name the two types of prayer
	(i)
	(ii)
19.	Jesus taught His disciples the Lord's prayer which is also called
20.	Mercy and charity are the acts of showing
	others who are in need.

ė.	ugh	Ş
32.	The spiritually poor are Christians who	
	A. Seek God to fulfill their lives	
	B. Lack materials wealth	
	C. Are under the influence of sin	32
	D. Desire to make peace in the work place	
33.	The pure in heart are Christians who	-
	A. Have left everything for the sake of the kingdom	
	B. Refrain from evil thoughts and acts	
	C. Are killed for their faith in Jesus	-
	D. Obey the external requirements of the law	33
34.	Christians should not judge others because	
	A. God will punish those who judge wrongly	
5	B. Human beings are not strong like God	
	C. Human beings are trained to judge	34
	D. God reward those who forgive others.	
35.	Discernment means	
18	A. Blaming other people for your problems	
	B. Punishing wrong doers	35
	C. Understanding causes of certain behaviours	35
	D. Forgiving criminals who repent	
	,	
	<u>Week Two Friday</u>	
36.	Two people were presented before a judge. One had stolen a goat	
	and the other one million. The one who stole a goat was jailed for	36
	four years while the one who stole one million was jailed for one	
	month. This judgment was	
	A. Unfair because they did not receive equal treatment	
	B. Unfair because the reason for stealing were not considered	
	C. Fair because it discourages people from stealing livestock	
	D. Fair because the one who stole one million had a chance to spend	
	the money.	
37.	The <b>best</b> action for Mwikali and Juma to take after a disagreement	37.
	is?	
	A. Keep away from each other to cool their tempers	
	B. Pray for each other so that they can get new friends	
	C. Tell their friends about their situation to win their sympathy	
	D. Find out the cause of their disagreement and seek a reconciliation	
38.	Christians should forgive their enemies becauseA. God loves sinners	

î.

D. Being faithful to God

	10 01	Sto
4	A. They will die and leave it. "	
	and leave it all	
	B. They will forget the true service to God C. Thieves come and steal it	48.
	D. It can easily be lost	
4	9. Jared and Joan are friends. The	
	9. Jared and Joan are friends. They have promised never to engage in sex until they get married. Jared and J.	TAT
	sex until they get married. Jared and Joan are practicing their Christian value of	
	A. Patience	49.
	B. Humility	
	C. Self-control	
ell (	D. Self-awareness	
50	Which one is <b>not</b> a human value?	
	A. Pride B. Fame C. Revenge on enemies	
	B. Fame D. Peace	50.
	UNIT 3: ETERNAL LIFE	
	Week Three Monday	
1.	Christian beliefs are contained in the	
2.	Jesus was conceived by the power of	
з.	Jesus was buried by and	
4.	Jesus was crucified atand	
5.	David killed and took his wife called	
б.	God sent prophet	
	God sent prophet to tell King David that he was pleased with his deeds.	not
7.		
1.	Give two commandments that King David broke during his reign	
	(i)	
	(u)	
8.	Jesus is Savior and Lead was stoned to death for proclaiming that	
	Jesus is Savior and Lord.	
9.		
	Paul was converted on his way to to persecute	
	Christians.	
LO.	After conversion Paul was blind for days	
11.	Paul was an apostle to the tays	

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15	The following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the following and the followin		Ì
ω.	The following are characteristics of etern	-	ļ
	A. Working miracles	C. Accepting suffering	
7	B. Believing in God	D. Being just and fair	
	Eternal life begins on earth when a person. A. Is baptized	on	2 AND 120
	B. Accepts Jesus as Lord and savior		27.
	C. Fights corruption	•	-/-
	D. Resurrects on the last day		
Q			4.1
.0.	Which one of the following acts could <b>be</b> : life?	st lead Christians to eter	nal
	A. Preaching the gospel	9 9 9	28.
3		<i>I</i>	
	<ul><li>B. Keeping God's commands</li><li>C. Speaking in tongues</li></ul>		
	D. Worship in church		
Q		1.0	
	The disciples of Jesus were joyful when to preaching because	hey returned from	
	A. They had received the Holy Spirit	Mr. Proce arrangement	
	B. They were well received in the village		29.
	C. They were successful in the mission		
O	D. They had repented their sins		
٥.	Eternal life is a way of joy because  A. Salvation brings happiness		
	B. The spirit never dies		30.
	C. Believers will rise again	Ti .	
	D. Christ will come again		
1	Eternal life is a way of love because		ļ
	A. God's love brings salvation		
	B. Love is strange	5	31.
	C. Love summarizes the ten command		
	D. God's love brings judgement		
2.	Christians believe in all the following exc	***	
	A. The resurrection of the body	ept?	
	B. Everlasting life		
	C. Communion of saints	•	32.
	D. Jesus died on the third day		
	Which of the following epistles was <b>not</b> w A. Colossians		33.
	B. Romans	C. Hebrews	
	D. INVITALIS	D. Ephesians	Į.

# I.R.E

	TOTFO
UNIT 1: QURAN	
(a) Al-Humazah	

-	1		
1.	Surah-humizah stresses on the theme of	9	
2.	Allah is most merciful is an attribute from Surah		
3.	The Surah that warns Muslims against delay in the per		
	Swalat is	rformance of	f
4.	Swalat is		
5.	Write two Islamic months	*	
	(i)		
٠,	(ii)		
(b)	Surah Al Qariah		
6.	· ·		
7.	The main message of Surah al-Qarah is	-	
8.	The surah that is equivalent to one third of the Quran i	s	
9.	After offering we are to sacrifice an animal Name three acts of UMRAH		
	(f) ***		ě
TVI	(111)		
10		· ·	
	Name three Sunnah prayers (i)		
	(111)		4P
	(ii)		
	DEL PAPER 1		20
1. T	The Surah which has the attributes of Allah (SW) the mos	t gracious	
	4 Surch II.	1	1.
Е	B. Surah tul-Dhuha	1	
2. V	Which of the following Surahs determined the successful	itiha	
	(MIN) III IIIS IIIISSION Of Spreading Internal	prophet	į
, ,,	A. Surah An Nasr C. Surah An Na Surah Al Asr	s	2.
	D. Surah Al Fala		
THE	SITTI GUNKSHAN TITA TUOP		

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3.	According to Surah Humazah who is being referred to as the clear	
	evidence?	3.
	A. Prophet Ibrahim (AS)  C. Prophet Issa (AS)	
	B. Prophet Muhammed (SAW) D. Allah (SW)	a
4.	The verse "who has taught the writing by the pen" comes from	
	Surah	4.
	A. Qariah C. Quraish	
	B. Qadr D. Alaq	
5.	"None of you can be a true believer unless he loves for his brothers.	
	What he loves for himself." The meaning of the Hadith is	
	A. Being faithful	5.
	B. Have strong faith	
	C. Practise sharing	
	D. Embracing brotherhood	
б.	The Surah that is equivalent to one third of the Quran is	6.
	A. lkhlas C. Yasin	
	B. Fatiha D. Ayatul	
7.	According to Suratul masad, one of the following will be punished	
	by having a rope of fire tied around his neck.	7
	A. Abu Lahab C. Abu Jahal	7.
	B. Abu Sufyan D. Abu Twalib	
8.	The Surah which denounces ALLAH (ST) from all forms of shirk is	
	suratul	8.
0	A. Fatiha C. Alaq	100
	B. Asr D. Ikhlas	
9.	Allah (ST) has started the following "Surahs" by swearing except?	
	A. Dhuha C. Zilzala	9.
	B. Tuyin D. Asr	
10	To your Lord, turn your attention" This is a verse from Suratul	
	A. Dhuha	10.
	B. Fatha D. Inshirah	
-		
UI	VIT 2: HADITHI	
1.	"Halaal" in Islam means	
2.	"Haram" in Islam means	
3.	Write three animals that are haram in Islamic religion	
	(i) <u>·</u> (iii)	
	(ii)	

4. Write three Angels	•	
(i)	(iii)	
(ii)		8
5. Write the functions of		
(a) Angel Mikail		
(b) Angel Jibril		
6. Who will enter paradise a	according to the prophet's teaching?	
(i)	for Muslims to spend Itkaf in the temp	le
(ii)		2
(ii)		
c. A swapur is an attribute of	of Allah that means	
	attemental	
10. Israaf in Islam would mea	n a person l	
	n a person who	
MODEL PAPER 2	prayer.	
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr	prayer. C. Dhuhr	1.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are	prayer. C. Dhuhr	
<ul> <li>MODEL PAPER 2</li> <li>Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh</li> <li>B. Asr</li> <li>In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol</li> </ul>	prayer. C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as	1.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants	prayer. C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as C. Haram	and the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of th
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes had	prayer.  C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as  C. Haram D. Hadar	1.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram present	prayer.  C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as  C. Haram D. Hadar	1.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram pro	prayer. C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to	1.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram pro A. Ghush B. Intikad	prayer. C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to actice is referred to as C. Interest	2.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram pro A. Ghush B. Intikad	prayer. C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to actice is referred to as C. Interest	2.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram products A. Ghush B. Intikad C. The age of Ummul-Mu-umin A. 75 years	prayer. C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to actice is referred to as C. Interest D. Hoarding A Khadijah when she died was C. 65 years	2.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram provided and the customers of the customers. The haram provided are age of Ummul-Mu-umin A. 75 years B. 40 years	prayer.  C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as  C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to actice is referred to as  C. Interest D. Hoarding A Khadijah when she died was  C. 65 years	2.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram property A. Ghush B. Intikad 4. The age of Ummul-Mu-umin A. 75 years B. 40 years Cour holy prophet (PBUF) gas	prayer.  C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as  C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to actice is referred to as  C. Interest D. Hoarding A Khadijah when she died was  C. 65 years D. 80 years Ve an okay for Muslims to visit	2.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram provided a customers. This haram provided a Ghush B. Intikad 4. The age of Ummul-Mu-umin A. 75 years B. 40 years Cour holy prophet (PBUH) gas A. Witch doctor	prayer.  C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as  C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to actice is referred to as  C. Interest D. Hoarding A Khadijah when she died was  C. 65 years D. 80 years ve an okay for Muslims to visit  C. Spiritual caves	2.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram property A. Ghush B. Intikad 4. The age of Ummul-Mu-umin A. 75 years B. 40 years Cour holy prophet (PBUF) gas	prayer.  C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as  C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to actice is referred to as  C. Interest D. Hoarding A Khadijah when she died was  C. 65 years D. 80 years Ve an okay for Muslims to visit	2.
MODEL PAPER 2  1. Salawaat -ul-ustwa is a A. Fardh B. Asr 2. In Islam religion drugs are A. Alcohol B. Intoxicants 3. A businessman mixes bad a customers. This haram provided a customers. This haram provided a Ghush B. Intikad 4. The age of Ummul-Mu-umin A. 75 years B. 40 years Cour holy prophet (PBUH) gas A. Witch doctor	prayer.  C. Dhuhr D. Isha grouped as  C. Haram D. Hadar and good commodities to sell more to actice is referred to as  C. Interest D. Hoarding A Khadijah when she died was  C. 65 years D. 80 years ve an okay for Muslims to visit  C. Spiritual caves	1. 2. 3.

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	a e		
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	6. Al-zilzala is the surah that one of the signs of Qiyamah is		İ
1 "	A. Landslide C. Earthquake		<del>, 1</del>
	B. Jihad war D. Deaths		6.
\$1	7. The true belief reliance and trust in Allah is referred to as	i	
	A. Tawassal, C. Takabbal		7.
	B. Tawakkal D. Taqura		<b>'</b> ·
	S. "Verily we have created man in the best mould." This is a ve	rse	
	from Surah		
f ==			8.
İ	A. Tiryn C. Humazal B. Atkaathur D. Kaafirumu	٠,	
1	9. Spend oh son of Adam, "I shall spend on you." In this hadit		
1.	Muslims are trained to be	,	9.
	A. Generous C. Obedient		J.
i.	B. Pious D. Faithfull		
i i	10 The virtue that Muslims gain from welcoming guests is		
No. or	5 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20 No. 20		10.
12	B. Sacrifice D. Hospitality  11. What was the age of Khadijah when the prophet received his	firet	
		11136	
	revelation? A 50 vrs C. 25 yrs		11.
* 11			
6			
0.5	12-it is <b>not</b> true to say that Nabii Issa		
	A. Was assassinated on the cross		12.
,	B. Cured lepers		
*	C. Made the blind see		
•	D. Spoke as an infant  13. Muslims can afford to control themselves on all the following	a iceliee	
		gissucs	
,	except?		
E	A. Zinaa		13.
i.	B. Luxury life		
	C. Death		
9	D. Intoxicants	~ C	
	14. Which of the following surah is referred to as Muawadhateir	1.5	
6	A. Ikhlas and Nas		14.
, S	B. Falaq and Nas		
	C., Flyl and Qureish		
>	D. Dhuha and Inshira		
p.	. 15. The attribute of Allah (SW) Assalam means		15.
and the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of the same of th	A. The kind C. Most peaceful		<b>—</b> —
0	B. The protector D. Most powerful	1112	

The	orough	Std 7
U	NIT 3: MUAMALAT	
	ODEL PAPER 3	
1.	Which of the following angels is <b>not</b> correctly matched?	<u> </u>
	A. Ridhwan - incharge of hell fire	. 1.
	B. Israfil – will blow the trumpet	
	C. Mikail – incharge of rain	
_	D. Kiraman-records our deeds	
2.	of the office of the following to mis/	her
	parents.	2.
	A. Obey C. Help	
3.	B. Annoy D. Consult	
3	According to the holy Quran the Al-Kaaba isA. Where Allah lives	
	B. A Place built by prophet	3.
	C. A place first built by Ibrahim	
	D. A place Asra destroyed	
4.	In Nikah, Nahr is the right of	
	A. Parents C. Bridegroom	4.
	B. Bride D. Kadhi	
5.		
	A. Traveller C. The poor	5.
	B. Sick D. Woman in heidh	
6.	Who among the following was the brother of Hebeel?	
	A. Qabeel C. Adam	6.
·7	B. Jeshi D. Qalleb	
1.	Allah (ST) rescued the Muslims during the battle of Khandaq by	<b>7</b> ?
	A. Being hit by a flock of birds  R. Sending angula to bill the Organial	
	<ul><li>B. Sending angels to kill the Qureish</li><li>C. Qureish being scattered by a storm</li></ul>	7.
	D. Strengthening Muslims to dig the trench	
8.	When visiting the sick we should	
	A. Stay for long C. Say Dua	
	B. Sympathise D. Send flowers	8.
9.	The miracle that was <b>not</b> performed by Nabii Musa (AS) was?	
	A. Making his hand shine	
	B. Separating the sea water	
	C. Changing a stick to a snake	
	D. Raising the dead	0
		9.

### UNIT 4: FESTIVALS

#### MODEL PAPER 4

1. The miraculous journey was held on	
A. At Dhul-hijjal	1.
B. 1st Shawwal	1
C. 27th Rajaab	
D. 12th Rabiul Auwal	
2. Which one of the following animals is forbidden in Islam?	
A. Bull	
B. Ram	2.
C. Buffalo	
D. Swine	
3. Muhammad (SAW) learnt the skills of from his	
grandfather Abdul Muhalib	3.
A. Leadership	
B. Trade	,
C. Listening	ı
D. Perseverance	
4. Which one of the following is likely to cause a family breakdown?	w
A. Giving ladies to the husband without their concent	4.
B. Forcing the children to go for madrasa	· · ·
C. Adopting an Islamic way of life	
D. Involving wahiis in problem solving	
5. Who among the following is <b>not</b> an ancient Islamic scholar?	
A. Iman Rushdi	5.
B. Ibn Khaldun	J.
C. Professor Mazrui	
D. Ibn Sina	i
6. Who among the following Angels of Allah guards the doors of hell	
gate?	
A. Ghaashia	6.
B. Kaafinun	
C. Zilzala	
D. Qaaria	
7. The three consecutive days referred to as Ayyamul built in every	7.
month of Islamic calendar are	/.
A. 12,13, 14 C. 6,7,8	
B. 21, 23, 25 D. 13,14,15	
	1 1

Thorough	Std
8. A determiner of your sawns fate is called	
A. Zakat Fitr C. Uddi-Fitr	8.
B. Idd –ul-Fitr D. Zakaat	
9. The reason for yearly celebration of the night of power is	
A. The holy Quran was revealed	_
B. The prophet went of Istra Wal Miiraj	9.
C. The holy prophet went to Hijra	
D. Islam was declared a complete religion	
10. Which of the following themes has been addressed in Surah Tiyan?	<u> </u>
A. The importance of reading	10
B. The creation of man in a best mould	
C. The arrogance of man	
D. The favours of Allah to us	
11. Complete the hadith: The heart of Quran is	<b> </b>
A. Surah Ikhlas	11.
B. Surah Bagara	
C. Surah yasin	
D. Surah Isra	
12. A Muslim meeting another Muslim is like	
A. Brothers	12.
B. Relatives	12.
C. Neigbours	
D. Enemies	
13. The Surah that reminds Muslims that the Earth will be witness	
Youmal Qiyamah is	13.
A. Tiyn	
B. Zilzallah	
C. Takathur	
D. Alaq	
14. Who among the following pairs of prophets of Allah (SW) were gifted	1
to stay for over 900 years?	
A. Musa and Haron	14.
B. Yaqub and Adam	
C. Muhammade and Issa	
D. Ibrahim and Nuh	
15. In which of the following places do Haji activities or rites start?	
A. Miqat  C. Minna	15
B. Aqaba D. Muzdalifa	15.
. Muzuallia	
1 4	